

## PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED FEBRUARY 12, 2020

This Preliminary Official Statement is subject to completion and amendment and is intended solely for the purpose of soliciting initial bids on the Bonds. Upon the sale of the Bonds, the Official Statement will be completed and delivered to the Initial Purchaser.

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL, UNDER EXISTING LAW, INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES AND INTEREST ON THE BONDS IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX ON INDIVIDUALS. SEE "TAX MATTERS" FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL.

THE BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN DESIGNATED AS "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

**NEW ISSUE - Book-Entry-Only**

Underlying Rating: Moody's "A3"  
See "MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND  
MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" herein.

**\$4,575,000**

### FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133

*(A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Fort Bend County)*

### UNLIMITED TAX ROAD BONDS, SERIES 2020

**Dated: April 1, 2020**

**Due: September 1, as shown below**

Principal of the bonds described above (the "Bonds") will be payable at stated maturity or redemption upon presentation of the Bonds at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrars, initially The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (the "Paying Agent/Registrar", "Paying Agent" or "Registrar") in Dallas, Texas. Interest on the Bonds will accrue from April 1, 2020 and be payable on September 1, 2020 (five months of interest) and on each March 1 and September 1 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in \$5,000 denominations or integral multiples thereof. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as shown below.

The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds as described herein. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."

### MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS

Due (Sept. 1)	Principal Amount (a)	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (b)	CUSIP Number (c)	Due (Sept. 1)	Principal Amount (a)	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (b)	CUSIP Number (c)
2021	\$ 200,000				2033	\$ 200,000	(d)		
2022	200,000				2034	200,000	(d)		
2023	200,000				2035	200,000	(d)		
2024	200,000				2036	200,000	(d)		
2025	200,000				2037	200,000	(d)		
2026	200,000	(d)			2038	200,000	(d)		
2027	200,000	(d)			2039	200,000	(d)		
2028	200,000	(d)			2040	200,000	(d)		
2029	200,000	(d)			2041	200,000	(d)		
2030	200,000	(d)			2042	200,000	(d)		
2031	200,000	(d)			2043	175,000	(d)		
2032	200,000	(d)							

- (a) The Initial Purchaser (as defined herein) may elect to designate one or more term bonds. See accompanying Official Notice of Sale and Official Bid Form.
- (b) Initial reoffering yield represents the initial offering yield to the public which has been established by the Initial Purchaser for offers to the public and which may be subsequently changed by the Initial Purchaser and is the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser. The initial reoffering yields indicated above represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced at maturity or to the first call date. Accrued interest from April 1, 2020 is to be added to the price.
- (c) CUSIP Numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Service Bureau and are included solely for the convenience of the purchasers of the Bonds. Neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser shall be responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP Numbers set forth herein.
- (d) Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2026, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2025, or on any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS—Redemption Provisions."

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 (the "District") and will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property located within the District. The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Fort Bend County, the City of Houston, or any entity other than the District. The Bonds are subject to special investment risks described herein. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

The Bonds are offered by the Initial Purchaser subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject, among other things, to the approval of the Bonds by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel. Delivery of the Bonds is expected on or about April 9, 2020.

**Bids Due: Wednesday, March 11, 2020, at 9:45 A.M., Houston Time in Houston, Texas**  
**Bid Award: Wednesday, March 11, 2020, at 11:00 A.M., Houston Time in Houston, Texas**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS .....	1
OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY .....	3
SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION .....	6
THE BONDS .....	7
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM.....	11
THE DISTRICT .....	13
MANAGEMENT .....	15
THE DEVELOPERS.....	16
ROAD SYSTEM .....	17
WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM .....	17
USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS .....	20
UNLIMITED TAX BONDS AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED.....	21
FINANCIAL STATEMENT .....	21
ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT .....	22
TAX DATA .....	23
TAX PROCEDURES .....	25
WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS.....	30
DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS.....	31
INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS.....	32
LEGAL MATTERS.....	37
TAX MATTERS.....	38
SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS .....	39
MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE.....	40
PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT.....	40
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION .....	42
MISCELLANEOUS .....	43
AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH .....	44
PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT .....	45
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 .....	APPENDIX A

## USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, as amended and in effect on the date hereof, this document constitutes an Official Statement with respect to the Bonds that has been “deemed final” by the District as of its date except for the omission of no more than the information permitted by Rule 15c2-12.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This Official Statement is not to be used in an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audited financial statements, engineering and other related reports set forth in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas, 77027, upon payment of duplication costs.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in this Official Statement until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in “PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT—Updating the Official Statement.”

## OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following information is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement.

### THE FINANCING

<i>The Issuer</i> .....	Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 (the “District”), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, is located in Fort Bend County, Texas. See “THE DISTRICT.”
<i>The Issue</i> .....	<p>\$4,575,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2020 (the “Bonds”) are issued pursuant to a resolution (the “Bond Resolution”) of the District's Board of Directors authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and are authorized pursuant to the election held within the District. See “THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance.” The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds maturing in the years and in the amounts and paying interest at the rates shown on the cover hereof. Interest on the Bonds accrues from April 1, 2020 and is payable on September 1, 2020 (five months of interest), and on each March 1 and September 1 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or prior redemption. See “THE BONDS.”</p> <p>The Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2026, are subject to redemption, in whole or from time to time in part, at the option of the District, prior to their maturity dates, on September 1, 2025, or on any date thereafter. Upon redemption, the Bonds will be payable at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. See “THE BONDS.”</p>
<i>Source of Payment</i> .....	The Bonds are payable from an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied upon all taxable property within the District. See “TAX PROCEDURES.” The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas, Fort Bend County, the City of Houston, or any other political subdivision or agency other than the District. See “THE BONDS—Source of and Security for Payment.”
<i>Authority for Issuance</i> .....	The Bonds are the seventh series of unlimited tax bonds issued out of an aggregate of \$41,345,000 principal amount of unlimited tax road bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of acquiring or constructing road facilities and related improvements and for the further purpose of refunding such bonds. The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Bond Resolution, Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and the general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas. See “USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS,” “THE BONDS—Authority for Issuance,” “—Issuance of Additional Debt” and “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt.”
<i>Payment Record</i> .....	The District has previously issued seven series of unlimited tax bonds for water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities, six series of unlimited tax road bonds, and two series of unlimited tax refunding bonds, \$72,055,000 of which remained outstanding as of January 1, 2020 (the “Outstanding Bonds”). The District has never defaulted in the payment of principal and interest on the Outstanding Bonds.
<i>Use of Proceeds</i> .....	Proceeds from the Bonds will be used to pay for the construction related costs shown herein under “USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS.” In addition, Bond proceeds will also be used to pay developer interest, and to pay certain costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds and certain engineering report costs. See “USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS.”
<i>Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations</i> .....	The Bonds have not been designated as “qualified tax-exempt obligations” for financial institutions.
<i>Municipal Bond Rating and Municipal Bond Insurance</i> .....	Application has been made to Moody’s Investors Service (“Moody’s”) for an underlying rating on the Bonds, and Moody’s has assigned an underlying rating of “A3” to the District. Application has also been made to various municipal bond insurance companies for qualification of the Bonds for municipal bond insurance. If qualified, such insurance will be available at the option of the Initial Purchaser at the Initial Purchaser’s expense. The rating fee of Moody’s will be paid for by the District; payment of any other rating fee will be the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser. See “MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE” and “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Risk Factors on Municipal Bond Insurance.”
<i>Bond Counsel</i> .....	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas. See “MANAGEMENT,” “LEGAL MATTERS,” and “TAX MATTERS.”

<i>Financial Advisor</i> .....	Masterson Advisors LLC, Houston, Texas. See “MANAGEMENT.”
<i>District Engineer</i> .....	Benchmark Engineering Corporation, Houston, Texas.
<i>Disclosure Counsel</i> .....	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton, LLP, Houston, Texas.

## HURRICANE HARVEY

<i>General</i> .....	The greater Houston area, including the District, is subject to occasional severe weather events, including tropical storms and hurricanes. If the District were to sustain damage to its facilities requiring substantial repair or replacement, or if substantial damage were to occur to taxable property within the District as a result of such a weather event, the investment security of the Bonds could be adversely affected. The greater Houston area has experienced four storms exceeding a 0.2% probability (i.e. “500-year flood” events) since 2015, including Hurricane Harvey, which made landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast on August 26, 2017, and brought historic levels of rainfall during the successive four days.
<i>Impact on the District</i> .....	According to Benchmark Engineering Corporation (the “Engineer”) and Municipal District Services (the “System Operator”), the District’s System (as defined herein) did not sustain any material damage, there was no interruption of water and sewer service, and no homes or commercial improvements within the District experienced structural flooding or other material damage as a result of Hurricane Harvey.

If a hurricane (or any other natural disaster) significantly damaged all or part of the improvements within the District, the assessed value of property within the District could be substantially reduced, with a corresponding decrease in tax revenues or necessity to increase the District’s tax rate. Further, there can be no assurance that a casualty loss to taxable property within the District will be covered by insurance (or that property owners will even carry flood insurance), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild or repair any damaged improvements within the District. Even if insurance proceeds are available and improvements are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values within the District would be adversely affected. See “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Hurricane Harvey.”

## THE DISTRICT

<i>Description</i> .....	The District was created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the “Commission” or “TCEQ”), dated November 12, 2003. The District contains approximately 925 acres of land and is located in northeastern Fort Bend County approximately 26 miles southwest of downtown Houston, Texas. Access to the District is provided via the Westpark Tollway and State Highway 99 (“Grand Parkway”). Generally, the District is bordered on the south by Bellaire Boulevard, on the north by F.M. 1093 (“Westheimer Road”), on the west by F.M. 723 and on the east by Canal Road. The District lies entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston. See “AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH” herein.
<i>Lakes of Bella Terra</i> .....	The District is being developed as Lakes of Bella Terra and Lakes of Bella Terra West, predominantly single-family residential communities. At full development, Lakes of Bella Terra and Lakes of Bella Terra West are projected to include single-family, multifamily and commercial development. Recreation amenities within Lakes of Bella Terra include two recreation centers on approximately 6 acres, which includes a clubhouse, fitness center, meeting facilities, open air pavilion and entertainment areas, in addition to a junior olympic-size pool, resort-style swimming pool, splash pad, kiddie pools, tennis courts, and a volleyball court. Additional amenities within the boundaries of the District include lakes, hiking trails, a dog park, a soccer field, fishing ponds, and playgrounds.
<i>Status of Development</i> .....	Development of Lakes of Bella Terra began in 2006 and development of Lakes of Bella Terra West began in 2017. The District currently includes approximately 596 developed acres of single-family residential development (2,097 lots). As of January 6, 2020, the District contained 1,782 single-family homes completed and occupied, 7 single-family homes completed and not occupied, 92 single-family homes in various stages of construction and 216 vacant developed lots.

Homebuilding in the District is currently being conducted by the following homebuilders: Ashton Woods, Chesmar Homes, DR Horton, Homes by David Powers, K. Hovanian of Houston, Perry Homes, Sitterle Homes and Partners in Building. New homes in the District range in price from approximately \$170,000 to in excess of \$1,000,000. A day care center, Enterprise Rent-A-Car, and Quick Lane have been constructed on approximately three acres and an additional 43 acres are served with trunk facilities. Additionally, Parkside Bella Terra, a 342-unit apartment complex, has been constructed on approximately 15 acres within the District.

In addition to the development described above, the District contains two schools: Joe Hubenak Elementary School, a Lamar Consolidated Independent School District school, on approximately 13 acres of land, and Westlake Preparatory Lutheran Academy, on approximately 22 acres of land. Westlake Preparatory Lutheran Academy also owns an additional 26 acres of undeveloped land in the District. Neither the schools nor the land owned by the schools is subject to taxation by the District.

The District also contains approximately 6 acres that have been developed as recreation centers/parks and open spaces and approximately 201 acres of land are contained in drainage easements, right-of-ways, District plant sites, detention areas and drill sites. See “THE DISTRICT—Status of Development.”

*The Developers.....* The developer of most of the land within the District is L.O.B. Limited Partnership, a Texas limited partnership (“LOB”), created for the sole purpose of developing its land in the District. The general partner of LOB is Ryko Development, Inc., a Virginia corporation. The limited partners are Fontana, Inc. and Montabello, Inc., each a Texas corporation.

The developer of approximately 122 acres within the District is LOB West, Inc., a Texas corporation, (“LOB West”). LOB West has developed Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 1 through 4 (428 lots on approximately 116 acres). LOB West owns no remaining land to be developed within the District.

Approximately 28 acres of land in the District is owned by an individual.

LOB and LOB West are collectively referred to herein as the “Developers.” See “THE DEVELOPERS.”

**INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

THE PURCHASE AND OWNERSHIP OF THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS AND ALL PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS ARE URGED TO EXAMINE CAREFULLY THIS ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE INVESTMENT SECURITY OF THE BONDS, INCLUDING PARTICULARLY THE SECTION CAPTIONED “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS.”

## SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation .....	\$605,137,087 (a)
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 .....	\$652,186,210 (b)
Gross Debt Outstanding (after the issuance of the Bonds) .....	\$76,630,000
Estimated Overlapping Debt .....	<u>51,195,992 (c)</u>
Gross Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt .....	\$127,825,992 (c)
Ratios of Gross Debt to:	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation .....	12.66%
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 .....	11.75%
Ratios of Gross Debt and Estimated Overlapping Debt to:	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation .....	21.12%
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 .....	19.60%
2019 Tax Rate:	
Debt Service.....	\$0.94
Maintenance and Operations.....	<u>0.42</u>
Total .....	\$1.36/\$100 A.V.
Average percentage of total tax collections (2014-2018) .....	99.82%
Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (2020)	
of the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds at an assumed interest rate of 3.00%	
("Maximum Annual Requirement") .....	\$6,514,713 (d)
Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2020-2037)	
of the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds at an assumed interest rate of 3.00%	
("Average Annual Requirement (2020-2037)") .....	\$5,165,882 (d)
Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2020-2043)	
of the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds at an assumed interest rate of 3.00%	
("Average Annual Requirement (2020-2043)") .....	\$4,357,553 (d)
Tax rate required to pay Maximum Annual Requirement based upon:	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation at a 95% collection rate .....	\$1.14/\$100 A.V. (e)
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 at a 95% collection rate.....	\$1.06/\$100 A.V. (e)
Tax rate required to pay Average Annual Requirement (2020-2037) based upon:	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation at a 95% collection rate .....	\$0.90/\$100 A.V. (e)
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 at a 95% collection rate.....	\$0.84/\$100 A.V. (e)
Tax rate required to pay Average Annual Requirement (2020-2043) based upon:	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation at a 95% collection rate .....	\$0.76/\$100 A.V. (e)
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 at a 95% collection rate.....	\$0.71/\$100 A.V. (e)
Connection Count as of January 6, 2020 (f):	
Single-family residential – completed and occupied .....	1,782
Single-family residential – completed and unoccupied .....	7
Single-family residential – under construction .....	92
Multi-Family (342 units) .....	1
Commercial connections .....	9

Area of District — 925 acres  
Estimated 2020 Population — 6,921 (g)

- (a) As certified by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "TAX PROCEDURES."  
(b) Provided by the Appraisal District for informational purposes only. Such amounts reflect an estimate of the taxable appraised value within the District on October 15, 2019. No tax will be levied on such amount. Taxes are levied on taxable value certified by the Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year. See "TAX PROCEDURES."  
(c) See "ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT."  
(d) See "DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS."  
(e) See "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."  
(f) See "THE DISTRICT—Status of Development."  
(g) Estimate based on 3.5 persons per occupied single-family connection and 2 persons per multi-family unit.

## **PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

**\$4,575,000**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
*(A political subdivision of the State of Texas located within Fort Bend County)*

### **UNLIMITED TAX ROAD BONDS SERIES 2020**

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 (the "District") of its \$4,575,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2020 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an election held within the District, Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and a resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution") adopted by the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board").

This Official Statement includes descriptions, among others, of the Bonds and the Bond Resolution, and certain other information about the District, L.O.B. Limited Partnership ("LOB"), and LOB West, Inc. ("LOB West"). All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each document. Copies of documents may be obtained from the District upon payment of the costs of duplication therefor.

## **THE BONDS**

### **General**

Following is a description of some of the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Resolution of the Board. The Bond Resolution authorizes the issuance and sale of the Bonds and prescribes the terms, conditions, and provisions for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds by the District.

The Bonds will be dated and accrue interest from April 1, 2020, and are payable on each September 1 and March 1 commencing September 1, 2020 (five months of interest), until the earlier of maturity or prior redemption. The Bonds mature on September 1 in the amounts and years and accrue interest at the rates shown on the cover page of this Official Statement. Interest calculations are based on a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in \$5,000 denominations or integral multiples thereof.

### **Authority for Issuance**

At a bond election held within the District on May 12, 2007, the voters of the District authorized the issuance of a total of \$41,345,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purposes of acquiring or constructing road facilities, including improvements in aid thereof, and refunding of road facility bonds. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to such authorization and constitute the seventh issuance from such authorization. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

The Bonds are issued by the District pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Bond Resolution, Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, the general laws of the State of Texas relating to the issuance of bonds by political subdivisions of the State of Texas, and the election held within the District on May 12, 2007.

Before the Bonds can be issued, the Attorney General of Texas must pass upon the legality of certain related matters. The Attorney General of Texas does not guarantee or pass upon the safety of the Bonds as an investment or upon the adequacy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

### **Source of and Security for Payment**

While the Bonds or any part of the principal thereof or interest thereon remain outstanding and unpaid, the District covenants in the Bond Resolution to levy a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property in the District sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds, with full allowance being made for delinquencies and costs of collection.

The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not the obligations of the State of Texas, Fort Bend County, the City of Houston, or any entity other than the District.

### **Method of Payment of Principal and Interest**

In the Bond Resolution, the Board has appointed The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company NA, Dallas, Texas as the initial Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds. The principal of the Bonds shall be payable, without exchange or collection charges, in any coin or currency of the United States of America, which, on the date of payment, is legal tender for the payment of debts due the United States of America. In the event the book-entry system is discontinued, principal of the Bonds shall be payable upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds as they respectively become due and payable, at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar in Dallas, Texas and interest on each Bond shall be payable by check payable on each Interest Payment Date, mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar on or before each Interest Payment Date to the registered owner of record (the "Registered Owner") as of the close of business on February 15 or August 15 immediately preceding each Interest Payment Date (defined herein as the "Record Date"), to the address of such Registered Owner as shown on the Paying Agent/Registrar's records (the "Register") or by such other customary banking arrangements as may be agreed upon by the Paying Agent/Registrar and the Registered Owners at the risk and expense of the Registered Owners.

If the date for payment of the principal of or interest on any Bond is not a business day, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding business day, as defined in the Bond Resolution.

### **Funds**

In the Bond Resolution, the Road Debt Service Fund is confirmed, and the proceeds from all taxes levied, assessed and collected for and on account of the Bonds authorized by the Bond Resolution shall be deposited, as collected, in such fund.

The District also maintains a Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund that is not pledged to the outstanding road bonds or the Bonds. Funds in the Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund are not available to pay principal and interest on the outstanding road bonds or the Bonds.

Accrued interest on the Bonds shall be deposited into the Road Debt Service Fund upon receipt. The remaining proceeds from the sale of the Bonds shall be deposited into the Road Capital Projects Fund, to pay the costs of acquiring or constructing District road facilities and costs of issuing the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS" for a more complete description of the use of Bond proceeds.

### **No Arbitrage**

The District will certify as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for that, based upon all facts and estimates then known or reasonably expected to be in existence on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for, the District reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds, or any portion of the Bonds, to be "arbitrage bonds" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and the regulations prescribed thereunder. Furthermore, all officers, employees, and agents of the District have been authorized and directed to provide certifications of facts and estimates that are material to the reasonable expectations of the District as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for. In particular, all or any officers of the District are authorized to certify to the facts and circumstances and reasonable expectations of the District on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for regarding the amount and use of the proceeds of the Bonds. Moreover, the District covenants in the Bond Resolution that it shall make such use of the proceeds of the Bonds, regulate investment of proceeds of the Bonds, and take such other and further actions and follow such procedures, including, without limitation, calculating the yield on the Bonds, as may be required so that the Bonds shall not become "arbitrage bonds" under the Code and the regulations prescribed from time to time thereunder.

### **Record Date**

The record date for payment of the interest on any regularly scheduled interest payment date is defined as the 15th day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such interest payment date.

### **Redemption Provisions**

The District reserves the right, at its option, to redeem the Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2026, prior to their scheduled maturities, in whole or from time to time in part, in integral multiples of \$5,000, on September 1, 2025, or on any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest on the principal amounts called for redemption to the date fixed for redemption. If fewer than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the particular maturities of Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District. If less than all the Bonds of any maturity are redeemed at any time, the particular Bonds within a maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar by lot or other customary method of selection (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Bonds are in book-entry-only form).



Notice of any redemption identifying the Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part shall be given by the Paying Agent/Registrar at least thirty (30) days prior to the date fixed for redemption by sending written notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the Register. Such notices shall state the redemption date, the redemption price, the place at which the Bonds are to be surrendered for payment and, if fewer than all the Bonds outstanding within any one maturity are to be redeemed, the numbers of the Bonds or the portions thereof to be redeemed. Any notice given shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Registered Owner receives such notice. By the date fixed for redemption, due provision shall be made with the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. When Bonds have been called for redemption in whole or in part and due provision has been made to redeem the same as herein provided, the Bonds or portions thereof so redeemed shall no longer be regarded as outstanding except for the purpose of receiving payment solely from the funds so provided for redemption, and the rights of the Registered Owners to collect interest that would otherwise accrue after the redemption date on any Bond or portion thereof called for redemption shall terminate on the date fixed for redemption.

### **Registration and Transfer**

So long as any Bonds remain outstanding, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall keep the Register at its principal payment office and, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall provide for the registration and transfer of Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Bond Resolution. While the Bonds are in the Book-Entry-Only System, the Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. and will not be transferred. See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM."

### **Replacement of Paying Agent/Registrar**

Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacement of the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the Paying Agent/Registrar is replaced by the District, the new paying agent/registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be a national or state banking institution, a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any State, authorized under such laws to exercise trust powers, and subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, to act as Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds.

### **Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds**

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, upon the presentation and surrender to the Paying Agent/Registrar of a mutilated Bond, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a replacement Bond of like maturity, interest rate and principal amount, bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding. If any Bond is lost, stolen or destroyed, the District, pursuant to the applicable laws of the State of Texas and in the absence of notice or knowledge that such Bond has been acquired by a bona fide purchaser, shall, upon receipt of certain documentation from the Registered Owner and an indemnity bond, execute and the Paying Agent/Registrar shall authenticate and deliver a replacement Bond of like maturity, interest rate and principal amount bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding. Registered Owners of lost, stolen or destroyed bonds will be required to pay the District's costs to replace such bond. In addition, the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar may require the Registered Owner to pay a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed.

### **Issuance of Additional Debt**

After issuance of the Bonds, the District will have \$20,465,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the purposes of acquiring or constructing road facilities and refunding bonds issued for road facilities. The voters of the District have also authorized the issuance of \$116,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities; \$12,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing recreational facilities, and \$75,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for refunding bonds. The District has \$51,790,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the purpose of acquiring or constructing water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities; \$12,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the purpose of acquiring or constructing recreational facilities; and \$73,570,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the purpose of refunding bonds. The Bond Resolution imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be authorized for issuance by the District's voters or the amount ultimately issued by the District.

The District also is authorized by statute to engage in fire-fighting activities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purpose. Before the District could issue such bonds, the following actions would be required: (a) approval of a detailed fire plan by the Commission; (b) authorization of the detailed fire plan and bonds for such purpose by the qualified voters in the District; (c) approval of the bonds by the Commission; and (d) approval of bonds by the Attorney General of Texas. The Board has not considered preparing a fire plan or calling an election at this time for such purposes.

Issuance of additional bonds could dilute the investment security for the Bonds.

## **Annexation by the City of Houston**

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the “City”), the District must conform to a City consent ordinance. Generally, the District may be annexed by the City without the District’s consent, and the City cannot annex territory within the District unless it annexes the entire District; however, the City may not annex the District unless (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50 percent of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than 50 percent of the landowners consenting to the annexation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the described election and petition process does not apply during the term of a strategic partnership agreement between the City and the District specifying the procedures for full purpose annexation of all or a portion of the District. See “Strategic Partnership Agreement,” below, for a description of the terms of the Strategic Partnership Agreement between the City and the District.

If the District is annexed, the City will assume the District’s assets and obligations (including the Bonds) and dissolve the District. Annexation of territory by the City is a policy-making matter within the discretion of the Mayor and City Council of the City of Houston, and therefore, the District makes no representation that the City will ever annex the District and assume its debt. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City to make debt service payments should annexation occur.

## **Strategic Partnership Agreement**

On November 16, 2012, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement which was amended thereafter (as amended the “SPA”) with the City of Houston (the “City”) pursuant to Chapter 43 of the Texas Local Government Code. The SPA provides for a “limited purpose annexation” of a portion of the land within the District. The SPA provides that the City will not annex the District for “full purposes” for thirty (30) years from the date of the SPA’s original execution (November 16, 2012). The SPA also provides that the City will impose a one percent (1%) retail City Sales Tax within the portion of the District included in the limited purpose annexation. The City will pay to the District an amount equal to one-half of all retail sales tax revenues generated within such area of the District and received by the City from the Comptroller (the “Contract Sales Tax Revenue”). Pursuant to the SPA, the District will use the Contract Sales Tax Revenue only for purposes for which the District is lawfully authorized to use its ad valorem tax revenues or other revenues. None of the Contract Sales Tax Revenue is pledged toward the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds.

## **Consolidation**

The District has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets (such as cash and the utility system) and liabilities (such as the Bonds), with the assets and liabilities of districts with which it is consolidating. Although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District, no representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation in the future.

## **Remedies in Event of Default**

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, or if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Resolution, or defaults in the observance or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, the Registered Owners have the statutory right of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Resolution. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners. Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government’s sovereign immunity from suits for money damages. In the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Resolution may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District’s property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may further be limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District. See “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Registered Owners’ Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations.”

## **Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas**

The following is quoted from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

“(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.”

“(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them.”

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which might apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

## **Defeasance**

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (paying agent) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both or with a commercial bank or trust company designated in the proceedings authorizing such discharge, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct obligations of the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

## **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM**

*The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof. The District cannot and does not give any assurances that DTC, DTC Direct Participants or Indirect Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners (a) payments of interest, principal or premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds, (b) Bonds representing ownership interest in or other confirmation or ownership interest in the Bonds, or (c) prepayment or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, as the registered owner of the Bonds, or that they will do so on a timely basis or that DTC, DTC Direct Participants or DTC Indirect Participants will act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current "Rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the current "Procedure" of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Direct Participants is on file with DTC.*

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds, of each series will be issued as fully-registered Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. With respect to each series of the Bonds, one fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued of each such series for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC. DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.6 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has a rating from S&P Global Ratings of “AA”. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at [www.dtcc.com](http://www.dtcc.com).

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

All payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in “street name,” and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

## **THE DISTRICT**

### **General**

The District is a municipal utility district created by order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission" or "TCEQ"), dated November 12, 2003, and operates under the provisions of Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and other general statutes applicable to municipal utility districts. The District is located wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston, Texas ("Houston" or the "City").

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply and distribution of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; and the control and diversion of storm water. The District is also empowered to construct thoroughfare, arterial and collector roads and improvements in aid thereof and to establish parks and recreational facilities. The District may issue bonds and other forms of indebtedness to purchase or construct all of such facilities. The District is also empowered to contract for or employ its own peace officers and, after approval by the Commission and the voters of the District, to establish, operate, and maintain fire-fighting facilities, independently or with one or more conservation and reclamation districts.

The Commission exercises continuing supervisory jurisdiction over the District. The District is required to observe certain requirements of the City of Houston which, along with Texas law, limit the purposes for which the District may sell bonds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of waterworks, wastewater, drainage, road, recreational, and fire-fighting facilities and the refunding of outstanding debt obligations; limit the net effective interest rate on such bonds and other terms of such bonds; and require certain public facilities to be designed in accordance with applicable City standards. Construction and operation of the District's system are subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of additional government agencies. See "WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM."

### **Location of District**

The District presently contains approximately 925 acres of land and is located in northeastern Fort Bend County approximately 26 miles southwest of downtown Houston, Texas. Access to the District is provided via the Westpark Tollway and State Highway 99 ("Grand Parkway"). Generally, the District is bordered on the south by Bellaire Boulevard, on the north by F.M. 1093 ("Westheimer Road"), on the west by F.M. 723 and on the east by Canal Road. See "AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH" herein.

*[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]*

## Land Use

The District is being developed as Lakes of Bella Terra and Lakes of Bella Terra West, predominantly single-family residential communities. Development of Lakes of Bella Terra began in 2006 and development of Lakes of Bella Terra West began in late 2017. At full development, Lakes of Bella Terra and Lakes of Bella Terra West are projected to include single-family, multifamily and commercial development. The District currently includes approximately 596 developed acres of single-family residential development (2,097 lots), approximately 61 acres of school sites, approximately 6 acres developed as recreation centers/parks and open spaces, approximately 15 acres on which a 342-unit apartment complex has been constructed, approximately 3 acres of commercial development upon which a day care center, Enterprise Rent-A-Car and Quick Lane have been constructed, approximately 43 acres served with trunk facilities for future commercial development, and approximately 201 acres which are undevelopable (drainage easements, right-of-ways, District plant sites, detention areas and drill sites). The table below represents a detailed breakdown of the current acreage and development in the District.

<u>Single-Family Residential</u>	Approximate <u>Acres</u>	<u>Lots</u>
Lakes of Bella Terra:		
Section 1.....	28	84
Section 2.....	22	98
Section 3.....	20	110
Section 5.....	11	24
Section 6.....	17	34
Section 7.....	15	28
Section 8.....	21	35
Section 9.....	21	59
Section 10.....	9	17
Section 11.....	10	23
Section 12.....	10	53
Section 13.....	12	37
Section 14.....	14	57
Section 15.....	21	61
Section 16.....	16	47
Section 17.....	12	47
Section 18.....	18	75
Section 19.....	6	18
Section 20.....	3	11
Section 21.....	15	74
Section 22.....	28	42
Section 23.....	2	12
Section 24.....	3	12
Section 25.....	16	42
Section 26.....	13	60
Section 27.....	11	41
Section 28.....	5	38
Section 29.....	5	40
Section 30.....	10	37
Section 31.....	8	35
Section 32.....	17	58
Section 33.....	14	61
Section 34.....	10	48
Section 35.....	9	36
Section 36.....	6	24
Section 37.....	13	50
Section 38.....	9	41
Lakes of Bella Terra West:		
Section 1.....	29	101
Section 2.....	15	63
Section 3.....	51	163
Section 4.....	<u>21</u>	<u>101</u>
Subtotal.....	596	2,097
Schools (Tax Exempt) .....	61	---
Recreation Centers/Parks and Open Spaces .....	6	---
Multi-Family (342 units) .....	15	---
Commercial (a) .....	46	---
Non-Developable (b) .....	<u>201</u>	<u>---</u>
	925	2,097

(a) Includes approximately 3 acres upon which a day care center, Enterprise Rent-A-Car and Quick Lane have been constructed.

(b) Includes drainage easements, right-of-ways, District plant sites, detention areas and drill sites.

## **Status of Development**

*Single-Family Residential:* Home construction in the District began in 2007, and as of January 6, 2020, the District contained 1,782 single-family homes completed and occupied, 7 single-family homes completed and not occupied, 92 single-family homes in various stages of construction and 216 vacant developed lots.

*Homebuilding:* Homebuilders actively conducting building programs within the District are: Ashton Woods, Chesmar Homes, DR Horton, Homes by David Powers, K. Hovanian of Houston, Perry Homes, Sitterle Homes and Partners in Building. New homes in the District range in price from approximately \$170,000 to in excess of \$1,000,000.

*Multi-Family & Commercial:* Parkside Bella Terra, a 342-unit apartment complex, has been constructed on approximately 15 acres within the District. In addition, a day care center, Enterprise Rent-A-Car, Quick Lane and Service King have been constructed on approximately three acres.

*Community Facilities and Schools:* The District contains three recreation centers on approximately 7.5 acres, which includes a clubhouse, fitness centers, meeting facilities, open air pavilions and entertainment areas, in addition to a junior olympic-size pool, resort-style swimming pools, splash pads, kiddie pools, tennis courts, and a volleyball court. Additional amenities within the boundaries of the District include lakes, hiking trails, dog parks, a soccer field, fishing ponds and playgrounds.

Additionally, the District contains two schools: Joe A. Hubenak Elementary School, a Lamar Consolidated Independent School District school, on approximately 13 acres of land, and Westlake Preparatory Lutheran Academy, on approximately 22 acres of land. Westlake Preparatory Lutheran Academy also owns an additional 26 acres of undeveloped land in the District. Neither the schools nor the land owned by the schools is subject to taxation by the District.

Community facilities are available in the general vicinity of the District. Neighborhood shopping facilities, including supermarkets, pharmacies, cleaners, restaurants, banking facilities, and other retail and service establishments, are located within one-half mile of the District along and adjacent to US Highway 99 (the Grand Parkway). Fire protection is provided by Fulshear Volunteer Fire Department. Police protection is provided by Fort Bend County. Children residing within the District attend schools within the Lamar Consolidated Independent School District.

## **MANAGEMENT**

### **Board of Directors**

The District is governed by the Board of Directors, consisting of five directors, which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. Three of the Directors listed below reside within the District, and each remaining Director owns a small parcel of land within the District subject to a Note and Deed of Trust in favor of LOB. Directors are elected by the voters within the District for four-year staggered terms. Directors elections are held only in even numbered years. The Directors and Officers of the District are listed below:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Dennis Harper	President	May 2022
Bill Frank	Vice President	May 2020
Donna McClure	Secretary	May 2022
Rick Foster	Asst. Secretary	May 2022
Harry Hernandez	Asst. Vice President	May 2020

While the District does not employ any full-time employees, it has contracted for certain services as follows:

### **Tax Assessor/Collector**

Land and improvements within the District are appraised for ad valorem taxation purposes by Fort Bend Central Appraisal District. The District contracts with Assessments of the Southwest, Inc. to serve as Tax Assessor/Collector.

### **Bookkeeper**

The District has engaged Myrtle Cruz, Inc. to serve as the District's bookkeeper.

### **System Operator**

The District contracts with Municipal District Services for maintenance and operation of the District's system (the "System Operator").

### **Engineer**

The consulting engineer for the District in connection with the design and construction of the District's facilities is Benchmark Engineering Corporation (the "Engineer").

### **Attorney**

The District engages Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP as general counsel and as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

### **Financial Advisor**

Masterson Advisors LLC (the "Financial Advisor") serves as financial advisor to the District. The fees to be paid the Financial Advisor for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

### **Disclosure Counsel**

The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton, L.L.P., Houston, Texas as disclosure counsel. The fees paid to disclosure counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

### **Auditor**

As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which annual audit is filed with the TCEQ. The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 were audited by the independent account firm of McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants. See "APPENDIX A" for a copy of the audited financial statement of the District as of June 30, 2019.

## **THE DEVELOPERS**

### **Role of a Developer**

In general, the activities of a landowner or developer in a municipal utility district such as the District include designing the project, defining a marketing program and setting building schedules; securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development; arranging for the construction of streets and the installation of utilities; and selling or leasing improved tracts or commercial reserves to other developers or third parties. While a developer is required by the TCEQ to pave streets in areas where utilities are to be financed by a district through a specified bond issue, a developer is under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities according to any particular plan or schedule. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which the developer owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform in the above-described capacities may affect the ability of a district to collect sufficient taxes to pay debt service and retire bonds.

Prospective Bond purchasers should note that the prior real estate experience of a developer should not be construed as an indication that further development within a district will occur, or that construction of taxable improvements upon property within a district will occur, or that marketing or leasing of taxable improvements constructed upon property within the District will be successful.

### **L.O.B. Limited Partnership**

The developer of most of the land within the District is L.O.B. Limited Partnership, a Texas limited partnership, ("LOB"), created for the sole purpose of developing its land in the District. The general partner of LOB is Ryko Development, Inc., a Virginia corporation. The limited partners are Fontana, Inc. and Montabello, Inc., each a Texas corporation. In the Houston metropolitan area, Ryko Development, Inc. has been involved in the development of Lakes on Eldridge, Lakes on Eldridge North, and Villages at Lakepointe. The District cautions that the foregoing development experience was gained in different markets and under different circumstances than exist today, and such prior success is no guarantee that LOB will be successful in the development of land in the District.

### **LOB West, Inc.**

LOB West, Inc. ("LOB West") has developed Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 1 through 4 (428 lots on approximately 116 acres). LOB West owns no remaining land to be developed within the District.



## **ROAD SYSTEM**

Several arterial/collector streets which lie within or near the boundaries of the District have been financed with the proceeds of the Outstanding Bonds. They include Bellaire Boulevard, Katy-Gaston Road, Bella Terra Boulevard, West Torino Reale Drive, East Torino Reale Drive, Via Venezia Blvd., Via Mazzini Way, S. Lugano Verde Drive, Bellagio Drive, Rancho Bella Parkway, Mirandola Lane, Bella Terra Parkway, and Bella Terra Center Way. Bond proceeds will be used to finance the construction and paving of additional arterial/collector streets that serve the District. See “USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS.”

All roadways are designed and constructed in accordance with Fort Bend County, Texas (the “County”) and City standards, rules and regulations. Upon acceptance by the County or the Texas Transportation Commission (“TxDOT”), as applicable, of roadways or roadway facilities, the County or TxDOT, as applicable, is responsible for operation and maintenance thereof. The road sound wall facilities constructed by the District are operated and maintained by the District.

These roads lie within the public right-of-way. In addition to the roadway, public utilities such as underground water, sewer and drainage facilities are located within the right-of-way or easement dedicated to the District. The right-of-way is also shared by streetlights, sidewalks and franchise utilities (power, gas, telephone and cable).

### **Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreement**

The District and Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132 (“No. 132”) entered into an agreement, effective July 20, 2016, by which the District and No. 132 share the operation and maintenance costs related to certain road, drainage, street lighting, detention, irrigation, and landscaping facilities for Bellaire Boulevard and Rancho Bella Parkway, on a 50-50 basis except for certain road drainage facilities which are split based on the proportion of each district’s acreage to the total acreage in both districts.

## **WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM**

### **Regulation**

According to the Engineer, the District's water supply and distribution, wastewater collection, and storm drainage facilities (collectively, the “System”) have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the then-current requirements of various entities having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over the construction and operation of such facilities. The construction of the System was required to be accomplished in accordance with the standards and specifications of such entities and is subject to inspection by each such entity. Operation of the System must be accomplished in accordance with the standards and requirements of such entities. The Commission exercises continuing supervisory authority over the District. Discharge of treated sewage is subject to the regulatory authority of the Commission and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Construction of drainage facilities is subject to the regulatory authority of the City of Houston, Fort Bend County and, in some instances, the Commission. Fort Bend County and the City also exercise regulatory jurisdiction over the System. The regulations and requirements of entities exercising regulatory jurisdiction over the System are subject to further development and revision which, in turn, could require additional expenditures by the District in order to achieve compliance. In particular, additional or revised requirements in connection with any permit for the wastewater treatment plant in which the District owns capacity beyond the criteria existing at the time of construction of the plant could result in the need to construct additional facilities in the future. The following descriptions are based upon information supplied by the District's Engineer.

### **Water, Sanitary Sewer and Drainage Facilities**

*Source of Water Supply:* The District is serviced by a 12” surface water supply line from the North Fort Bend Water Authority (the “Authority”). See “—Subsidence and Conversion to Surface Water Supply” below. In addition, the District is served by one water plant, which consists of one 1,650 gallon per minute (“gpm”) well, 960,000-gallon ground storage tank capacity, 7,200 gpm booster pump capacity, two 20,000 gallon pressure tanks, and related appurtenances. According to the District's Engineer, the District’s facilities have capacity to serve 2,500 equivalent single-family connections (“ESFCs”). The District received an exception from the Commission from providing elevated storage facilities in June 2018. Upon completion of Phase IV expansion to the water plant, that includes construction of a 30,000-gallon hydropneumatics pressure tank expected to be completed by March 2020, the District’s facilities will have capacity to serve 3,590 ESFCs.

The District shares capacity in the water plant with No. 132, located adjacent to the District. See “—Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreements” below.

The District has a water supply interconnect with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 50, which allows water supply service between the parties on an emergency basis.

*Subsidence and Conversion to Surface Water Supply:* The District is within the boundaries of the Fort Bend Subsidence District (the "Subsidence District"), which regulates groundwater withdrawal. The District's authority to pump groundwater is subject to an annual permit issued by the Subsidence District. The Subsidence District has adopted regulations requiring reduction of groundwater withdrawals through conversion to alternate source water (e.g., surface water) in certain areas within the Subsidence District's jurisdiction, including the area within the District. In 2005, the Texas legislature created the Authority to, among other things, reduce groundwater usage in, and to provide surface water to, the northern portion of Fort Bend County (including the District) and a small portion of Harris County. The Authority has entered into a Water Supply Contract with the City of Houston, Texas ("Houston") to obtain treated surface water from Houston. The Authority has developed a groundwater reduction plan ("GRP") and obtained Subsidence District approval of its GRP. The Authority's GRP sets forth the Authority's plan to comply with Subsidence District regulations, construct surface water facilities, and convert users from groundwater to alternate source water (e.g., surface water). The District is included within the Authority's GRP.

The Authority, among other powers, has the power to: (i) issue debt supported by the revenues pledged for the payment of its obligations; (ii) establish fees (including fees imposed on the District for groundwater pumped by the District), user fees, rates, charges and special assessments as necessary to accomplish its purposes; and (iii) mandate water users, including the District, to convert from groundwater to surface water. The Authority currently charges the District, and other major groundwater users, a fee per 1,000 gallons based on the amount of groundwater pumped by the District, and a fee per 1,000 gallons based on the amount of surface water received from the Authority. The Authority has issued revenue bonds to fund, among other things, Authority surface water project costs. It is expected that the Authority will continue to issue a substantial amount of bonds by the year 2025 to finance the Authority's project costs, and it is expected that the fees charged by the Authority will increase substantially over such period.

Under the Subsidence District regulations and the GRP, the Authority is required to: (i) limit groundwater withdrawals to no more than 70% of the total annual water demand of the water users within the Authority's GRP, beginning in the year 2014; and (ii) limit groundwater withdrawals to no more than 40% of the total annual water demand of the water users within the Authority's GRP, beginning in the year 2025. If the Authority fails to comply with the above Subsidence District regulations, the Authority is subject to a disincentive fee penalty of \$6.50 per 1,000 gallons ("Disincentive Fees") imposed by the Subsidence District for any groundwater withdrawn in excess of 40% of the total annual water demand in the Authority's GRP. In the event of such Authority failure to comply, the Subsidence District may also seek to collect Disincentive Fees from the District. If the District failed to comply with surface water conversion requirements mandated by the Authority, the Authority would likely seek monetary or other penalties against the District.

The District cannot predict the amount or level of fees and charges, which may be due the Authority in the future, but anticipates the need to continue passing such fees through to its customers: (i) through higher water rates and/or (ii) with portions of maintenance tax proceeds, if any. No representation is made that the Authority: (i) will build the necessary facilities to meet the requirements of the Subsidence District for conversion to surface water, (ii) will comply with the Subsidence District's surface water conversion requirements, or (iii) will comply with its GRP.

*Source of Wastewater Treatment:* The District's wastewater treatment is provided by an interim wastewater treatment plant for which construction of the Phase IV expansion was completed in August 2018, and provides 1,015,000 gallons per day ("gpd") of capacity. The plant's current wastewater capacity is capable of serving a total of 3,383 ESFCs based on Commission-approved design criteria of 300 gpd/ESFC.

The District currently leases the interim wastewater treatment plant from AUC Group, L.P. ("AUC"). The plant became operational in December 2007 and was expanded in May 2014, August 2016, and August 2018. Pursuant to the lease agreements between the District and AUC, the District is obligated to make lease payments to AUC during the term of the leases. These lease payments, and capacity in the interim wastewater treatment plant, will be shared between the District and No. 132 in accordance with an agreement between the districts. The current lease payment is \$39,400 per month. AUC has indicated its willingness to sell the leased facilities to the District if the District desires to purchase the facilities. The District makes no representation whether it will purchase the facilities. The District must continue to expand the interim plant and/or construct a permanent plant in order to complete the balance of the development in No. 132. See "—Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreements" below.

*Off-site Drainage:* For property that is being developed, the District has entered into contracts with Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 12 ("LID 12") for the purpose of utilizing the outfall improvements to Clodine Ditch and Long Point Slough, which have been constructed by LID 12. The District, or the developers on behalf of the District, has purchased capacity in LID 12 outfall improvements at a fee of \$1,100 per acre of property developed. The District also agreed to pay its pro rata share of actual costs incurred by LID 12 for maintenance of the outfall improvements. None of the property within the District lies within LID 12; therefore, property within the District is not subject to taxation by LID 12.

*100-Year Flood Plain:* "Flood Insurance Rate Map" or "FIRM" means an official map of a community on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") has delineated the appropriate areas of flood hazards. The 1% chance of probable inundation, also known as the 100-year flood plain, is depicted on these maps. The "100-year flood plain" (or 1% chance of probable inundation) as shown on the FIRM is the estimated geographical area that would be flooded by a rainstorm of such intensity to statistically have a one percent chance of occurring in any given year. Generally speaking, homes must be built above the 100-year flood plain in order to meet local regulatory requirements and to be eligible for federal flood insurance. An engineering or regulatory determination that an area is above the 100-year flood plain is no assurance that homes built in such area will not be flooded. The District's drainage system has been designed and constructed to all current standards.

According to the Engineer, no land within the District is located within the 100-year flood plain as designated by the most recent FEMA FIRM dated January 2, 1997. All of the land in the District which has been developed is outside the 100-year flood plain. See “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Hurricane Harvey.”

The National Weather Service recently completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States (“Atlas 14”). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in the application of more stringent floodplain regulations applying to a larger area and potentially leaving less developable property within the District. The application of such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain.

### **Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreements**

#### **Wastewater Treatment Plant Facilities:**

Effective July 20, 2016, the District and No. 132 entered into an amended and restated agreement (the “Sewer Agreement”) regarding construction, operation, and maintenance of wastewater treatment plant facilities currently or hereafter leased or acquired by the District (the “Sewer Plant”).

With the Phase IV expansion of the Sewer Plant now completed, the District has 2,570 ESFCs of sewer capacity in the Sewer Plant, which, according to the Engineer, is adequate to complete development within the District. Under the Sewer Agreement, No. 132 may require the District, at No. 132’s cost, to perform additional expansions after Phase IV to serve No. 132. With completion of the Phase IV expansion of the Sewer Plant, No. 132 currently has 243,900 gpd (813 ESFCs) of capacity in the Sewer Plant.

The costs of the Sewer Plant are shared by the District and No. 132, as more fully set forth in the Sewer Agreement. In general, capital costs and lease payments are shared based upon the percentage of capacity owned, and operation and maintenance costs are shared based on the proportion of each district’s number of active sewer connections to the total number of active connections of both districts.

#### **Water Plant Facilities:**

Effective July 20, 2016, the District and No. 132 entered into an agreement (the “Water Agreement”) pursuant to which No. 132 purchased 825 ESFCs of water capacity in the District’s water plant facilities (the “Water Plant”) to serve a portion of land within No. 132.

The costs of the Water Plant are shared by the District and No. 132, as more fully set forth in the Water Agreement. In general, operation and maintenance costs are shared based on the proportion of each district’s metered water usage to the total metered water usage of both districts.

## USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to pay for the construction costs associated with the items shown below. Additionally, a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to pay certain non-construction costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. The estimated use and distribution of Bond proceeds is shown below. Of proceeds to be received from sale of the Bonds, \$3,684,049 is estimated for construction costs, and \$890,951 is estimated for nonconstruction costs as detailed below:

### CONSTRUCTION COSTS

Road improvements and facilities to serve:	
Katy Gaston Phase IV.....	\$ 2,079,317
Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 1.....	331,721
Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 3.....	34,923
Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 4.....	362,073
Land Costs.....	605,607
Engineering.....	390,408
Less: Surplus Funds.....	(120,000)

<b>Total Construction Costs</b>	<b>\$ 3,684,049</b>
---------------------------------	---------------------

### NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS

Legal Fees.....	\$ 129,375
Financial Advisory Fees.....	83,625
Developer Interest (estimated).....	477,739
Bond Discount (estimated).....	137,250
Bond Issuance Expenses.....	58,387
Attorney General Fee.....	4,575
Contingency (a).....	-

<b>Total Non-Construction Costs</b>	<b>\$ 890,951</b>
-------------------------------------	-------------------

<b>TOTAL BOND ISSUE</b>	<b>\$ 4,575,000</b>
-------------------------	---------------------

(a) Represents surplus funds resulting from the sale of the Bonds at a lower bond discount than estimated and can be used for purposes allowed.

### Future Debt

LOB has financed the engineering and construction costs of underground utilities to serve commercial development along Via Mazzini Way, as well as certain other District improvements, including water supply, wastewater treatment facilities, detention pond land costs, and LID 12 impact fees. As of February 12, 2020, LOB will have expended approximately \$5,200,000 for design, construction and acquisition of District water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities not yet reimbursed, approximately \$2,700,000 for road construction not yet reimbursed, and approximately \$10,000,000 for recreational facilities not yet reimbursed. LOB West has financed or is financing the engineering and construction costs of underground utilities to serve Lakes of Bella Terra West, Sections 2 through 4 as well as certain other District improvements. LOB West has expended approximately \$7,400,000 (as of February 12, 2020) for design, construction and acquisition of District water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities and road construction not yet reimbursed. LOB West has expended approximately \$1,725,000 (as of February 12, 2020) for design, construction and acquisition of District park and recreational facilities and road construction not yet reimbursed. It is anticipated that proceeds from future issues of District bonds will be used, in whole or in part, to reimburse the Developers for these costs. The District makes no representation that any additional development will occur within the District. According to the Engineer, the District's authorized but unissued bonds will be adequate, under present land use projections, to finance such improvements.

## UNLIMITED TAX BONDS AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED

<u>Date of Authorization</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount Authorized</u>	<u>Issued to Date</u>	<u>Amount Unissued</u>
11/07/2006	Water, Sanitary Sewer and Drainage ("WS&D")	\$116,000,000	\$64,210,000	\$51,790,000
11/07/2006	Recreational	\$12,000,000	\$-0-	\$12,000,000
11/07/2006	Refunding	\$75,000,000	\$1,430,000	\$73,570,000
5/12/2007	Roads and Refunding of Road Bonds	\$41,345,000	\$20,880,000*	\$20,465,000*

\* Includes the Bonds.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation .....	\$605,137,087 (a)
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 .....	\$652,186,210 (b)
Gross Debt Outstanding (after the issuance of the Bonds) .....	\$76,630,000
Ratios of Gross Debt to:	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation .....	12.66%
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 .....	11.75%

Area of District — 925 acres  
Estimated 2020 Population — 6,921 (c)

- (a) As certified by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). See "TAX PROCEDURES."  
 (b) Provided by the Appraisal District for informational purposes only. Such amounts reflect an estimate of the taxable appraised value within the District on October 15, 2019. No tax will be levied on such amount. Taxes are levied on taxable value certified by the Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year. See "TAX PROCEDURES."  
 (c) Estimate based on 3.5 persons per occupied single-family connection and 2 persons per multi-family unit.

### **Cash and Investment Balances** (unaudited as February 12, 2020)

General Fund	Cash and Temporary Investments	\$7,183,692
Water, Sewer and Drainage Capital Projects Fund	Cash and Temporary Investments	\$1,025,096
Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund	Cash and Temporary Investments	\$6,634,877 (a)
Road Debt Service Fund	Cash and Temporary Investments	\$1,191,255 (b)
Road Capital Projects Fund	Cash and Temporary Investments	\$123,815 (c)

- (a) Funds in the Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund are available to pay debt service on the District's bonds issued for water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities and are not available to pay debt service on the District's bonds issued for road facilities (including the Bonds). Neither Texas law nor any bond resolution requires the District to maintain any minimum balance in the Water, Sewer and Drainage Debt Service Fund.  
 (b) Funds in the Road Debt Service Fund are available to pay debt service on the District's bonds issued for road facilities (including the Bonds) and are not available to pay debt service on the District's bonds issued for water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities. Neither Texas law nor any bond resolution (including the Bond Resolution) requires the District to maintain any minimum balance in the Road Debt Service Fund.  
 (c) The District plans to use \$120,000 of the Road Capital Projects Funds upon closing of the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."

**Outstanding Bonds** (as of January 1, 2020)

Series	Original Principal Amount	Outstanding Bonds (as of 1/1/2020)
2009	\$ 7,100,000	\$ -
2010	2,185,000	-
2011(a)	2,300,000	1,775,000
2012 (a)	2,465,000	1,765,000
2012A (a)	2,600,000	2,230,000
2013 (a)	1,330,000	1,145,000
2014	12,590,000	10,590,000
2015	11,800,000	9,800,000
2016 (b)	7,180,000	6,425,000
2016 (a)	4,700,000	4,000,000
2017	15,000,000	14,000,000
2018	10,400,000	10,400,000
2019 (a)	2,910,000	2,910,000
2019A (b)	1,880,000	1,880,000
2019B	5,135,000	5,135,000
Total	\$ 89,575,000	\$ 72,055,000

(a) Unlimited Tax Road Bonds.  
(b) Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds.

**ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT**

Expenditures of the various taxing entities within the territory of the District are paid out of ad valorem taxes levied by such entities on properties within the District. Such entities are independent of the District and may incur borrowings to finance their expenditures. This statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax bonds ("Tax Debt") was developed from information contained in the "Texas Municipal Reports" published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amounts relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person should rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed may have issued additional bonds since the date hereof, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be determined. The following table reflects the estimated share of the overlapping Tax Debt of the District.

Taxing Jurisdiction	Outstanding Bonds	As of	Overlapping	
			Percent	Amount
Fort Bend County.....	\$ 594,872,527	12/31/2019	0.85%	\$ 5,056,416
Lamar Consolidated ISD.....	1,177,030,000	12/31/2019	3.92%	46,139,576
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt.....				\$ 51,195,992
The District.....	76,630,000 (a)	Current	100.00%	76,630,000
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt.....				\$ 127,825,992
Ratio of Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt to 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....				21.12%
Ratio of Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt to Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019.				19.60%

(a) Includes the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds.

## Overlapping Tax Rates for 2019

	2019 Tax Rate per \$100 of Taxable <u>Assessed Valuation</u>
Fort Bend County (including Drainage District).....	0.460000
Fort Bend County ESD No. 4.....	0.100000
Lamar Consolidated ISD.....	<u>1.320000</u>
Total Overlapping Tax Rate.....	\$ 1.880000
The District.....	<u>1.360000</u>
Total Tax Rate.....	\$ 3.240000

## **TAX DATA**

### Tax Collections

The following statement of tax collections sets forth in condensed form the historical tax collection experience of the District. This summary has been prepared for inclusion herein, based upon information from District records. Reference is made to these records for further and more complete information.

Tax Year	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate	Total Tax Levy	Total Collections as of December 31, 2019 (a)	
				Amount	Percent
2014	\$ 227,033,848	\$ 1.500	\$ 3,408,082	\$ 3,403,359	99.86%
2015	342,186,407	1.430	4,895,579	4,889,728	99.88%
2016	449,146,873	1.430	6,424,972	6,414,596	99.84%
2017	509,294,382	1.410	7,181,051	7,168,192	99.82%
2018	539,557,279	1.390	7,499,846	7,477,696	99.70%
2019	605,242,913	1.360	8,231,304	(b)	(b)

(a) Unaudited.

(b) In the process of collection. 2019 taxes become delinquent after January 31, 2020.

Taxes are due October 1 or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. No split payments are allowed, and no discounts are allowed.

### Tax Rate Distribution

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Debt Service	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.94
Maintenance and Operations	<u>0.42</u>	<u>0.45</u>	<u>0.47</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>0.49</u>
Total	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.41	\$ 1.43	\$ 1.43

### Tax Rate Limitations

Debt Service: Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).

Maintenance and Operations: \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation.

Maintenance and Operations for Roads: \$0.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation.

### Debt Service Tax

The Board covenants in the Bond Resolution to levy and assess, for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid, a tax adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The District levied a debt service tax for 2019 in the amount of \$0.94 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation.

## **Maintenance Tax**

The Board of Directors of the District has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance of the District's improvements, if such maintenance tax is authorized by vote of the District's electors. On November 7, 2006, the Board was authorized to levy such a maintenance tax in an amount not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation. In addition, on May 12, 2007, the Board was authorized to also levy a maintenance tax for operation and maintenance of roads in an amount not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation. Such maintenance taxes are in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the District's bonds. For the 2019 tax year, the District levied a tax for maintenance and operations in the amount of \$0.42 per \$100 assessed valuation.

## **Tax Exemptions**

As discussed in the section titled "TAX PROCEDURES" herein, certain property in the District may be exempt from taxation by the District. For 2020, the District adopted an exemption of \$20,000 of the appraised value of a residential homestead of persons who are disabled or 65 years of age or older. The District does not grant a general homestead exemption.

## **Additional Penalties**

The District has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, the District established an additional penalty of twenty percent (20%) of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This 20% penalty applies to taxes that either: (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year, but not later than May 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on April 1 (for personal property) and July 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Texas Property Tax Code.

## **Principal Taxpayers**

The following list of principal taxpayers was provided by the District's tax assessor/collector and represents the principal taxpayers' value as a percentage of the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$605,137,087. This represents ownership as of January 1, 2019. A principal taxpayer list related to the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019, of \$652,186,210, is not available from the Appraisal District.

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Type of Property</u>	<u>2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>% of 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation</u>
BRE Bella Terra MF Owner LP	Apartments	\$ 30,470,020	5.04%
LOB Limited Partnership	Land & Improvements	6,076,290	1.00%
Qland LLC	Personal Property	2,463,017	0.41%
EAN Holdings LLC	Land, Improvements & Personal Property	2,165,730	0.36%
LOB West Inc	Land & Improvements	2,040,600	0.34%
LC Texas LLC	Land	1,829,340	0.30%
Bella Piazza, LLC	Land & Improvements	1,762,280	0.29%
Individual	Land & Improvements	1,606,080	0.27%
Centerpoint Energy Electric	Electric Utility	1,549,690	0.26%
Individual	Land & Improvements	1,357,480	0.22%
Total		\$ 51,320,527	8.48%



## **Summary of Assessed Valuation**

The following summary of the 2019, 2018 and 2017 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuations are provided by the District's Tax Assessor/Collector based on information provided by the Appraisal District and contained in the 2019, 2018 and 2017 certified tax rolls of the District. Differences in totals may vary slightly from other information herein due to differences in dates of data. A breakdown related to the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019, of \$652,186,210, is not available from the Appraisal District.

	2019 Certified Taxable Valuation	2018 Certified Taxable Valuation	2017 Certified Taxable Valuation
Land	\$ 148,146,940	\$ 123,513,450	\$ 113,555,800
Improvements	492,310,223	446,756,864	420,040,580
Personal Property	5,408,140	4,064,340	2,676,820
Exemptions	(40,728,216)	(34,777,375)	(26,978,818)
Total Certified	\$ 605,137,087	\$ 539,557,279	\$ 509,294,382

## **Tax Adequacy for Debt Service**

The calculations shown below assume, solely for purposes of illustration, no increase or decrease in assessed valuation over the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation or Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019, no use of available funds, and utilize tax rates necessary to pay the District's average annual debt service requirements and maximum annual debt service requirements on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds.

Average annual debt service requirement (2020-2037) .....	\$5,165,882
\$0.90 tax rate on the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$605,137,087 at a 95% collection rate produces .....	\$5,173,922
\$0.84 tax rate on the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 of \$652,186,210 at a 95% collection rate produces .....	\$5,204,446
Average annual debt service requirement (2020-2043) .....	\$4,357,553
\$0.76 tax rate on the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$605,137,087 at a 95% collection rate produces .....	\$4,369,090
\$0.71 tax rate on the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 of \$652,186,210 at a 95% collection rate produces .....	\$4,398,996
Maximum annual debt service requirement (2020) .....	\$6,514,713
\$1.14 tax rate on the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$605,137,087 at a 95% collection rate produces .....	\$6,553,635
\$1.06 tax rate on the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 of \$652,186,210 at a 95% collection rate produces .....	\$6,567,515

No representation or suggestion is made that the estimates of values of land and improvements provided by the Appraisal District as of October 15, 2019 for the District will be certified as taxable value by the Appraisal District, and no person should rely upon such amounts or their inclusion herein as assurance of their attainment. See "TAX PROCEDURES."

## **TAX PROCEDURES**

### **Authority to Levy Taxes**

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds, the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Future Debt") and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Resolution to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully herein under "THE BONDS—Source of and Security for Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District and for the payment of certain contractual obligations. See "TAX DATA—Debt Service Tax" and "—Maintenance Tax."

## **Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District**

Title I of the Texas Tax Code (the “Property Tax Code”) specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here.

The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Fort Bend Central Appraisal District (the “Appraisal District”) has the responsibility for appraising property for all taxing units within Fort Bend County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Fort Bend County Appraisal Review Board (the “Appraisal Review Board”).

## **Property Subject to Taxation by the District**

Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies, and personal effects; certain goods, wares and merchandise in transit; farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; travel trailers; and most individually owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons sixty-five (65) years or older and of certain disabled persons to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. The District may be required to offer such an exemption if a majority of voters approves it at an election. The District would be required to call such an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or certain surviving dependents of disabled veterans, if requested, of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending on the disability rating of the veteran. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full amount of the veteran's residence homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who was entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to a total tax exemption on such surviving spouse's residence homestead. If the surviving spouse changes homesteads, but does not remarry, then the amount of the exemption as of the last year of the first qualifying residential homestead is applicable to the subsequent homesteads. The surviving spouse of a first responder who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, also entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and, subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse. See “TAX DATA.”

***Residential Homestead Exemptions:*** The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State of Texas to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted before July 1.

***Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemptions:*** A “Freeport Exemption” applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating for fewer than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A “Goods-in-Transit” Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2011 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption is limited to tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit personal property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent years.

## **Tax Abatement**

Fort Bend County or the City of Houston may designate all or part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, Fort Bend County, the District, and the City of Houston (if it were to annex the District), at the option and discretion of each entity, may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement, which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including the District, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. Each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdictions.

## **Valuation of Property for Taxation**

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Generally, assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. In determining market value, either the replacement cost or the income or the market data method of valuation may be used, whichever is appropriate. Nevertheless, certain land may be appraised at less than market value under the Property Tax Code. Increases in the appraised value of residence homesteads are limited by the Texas Constitution to 10 percent annually regardless of the market value of the property.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space, or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space, or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by some political subdivisions while claiming it as to another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three (3) years for agricultural use, open space land, and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property in the Appraisal District at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the Appraisal District chooses formally to include such values on its appraisal roll.

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor of the State of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

## **District and Taxpayer Remedies**

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District) may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property value, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

## **Levy and Collection of Taxes**

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within the District, based upon: a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes, and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. A delinquent tax on personal property incurs an additional penalty, in an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney, 60 days after the date the taxes become delinquent. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, may be rejected. The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continue to accrue during the period of deferral.

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a natural disaster area and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction such as the District if the tax payer pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments within six months of the delinquency date.

## **Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate**

During the 86th Regular Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 ("SB 2") was passed and signed by the Governor, with an effective date of January 1, 2020, and the provisions described herein are effective beginning with the 2020 tax year. See "SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION" for a description of the District's current total tax rate. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

SB 2 classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate pursuant to SB 2 is described for each classification below.

### *Special Taxing Units*

Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

### *Developed Districts*

Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Tax Code, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

### *Developing Districts*

Districts that do not meet the classification of a Special Taxing Unit or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

### *The District*

A determination as to a district's status as a Special Taxing Unit, Developed District or Developing District will be made by the Board of Directors on an annual basis, beginning with the 2020 tax rate. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

### **District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies**

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year for which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all state and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State of Texas and each local taxing unit, including the District, having power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units. See "ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT—Overlapping Tax Rates for 2019." A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property under certain circumstances is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both, subject to the restrictions on residential homesteads described above under "Levy and Collection of Taxes." In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the cost of suit and sale, by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights (a taxpayer may redeem property within six (6) months for commercial property and two (2) years for residential and all other types of property after the purchaser's deed issued at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records) or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. The District's ability to foreclose its tax lien or collect penalties or interest on delinquent taxes may be limited on property owned by a financial institution which is under receivership by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1825, as amended. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Tax Collection Limitations."

## WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS

### General

The Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds are payable from the levy of an ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property in the District. Net revenues, if any, derived from the operation of the District's water and sewer operations are not pledged to the payment of the Bonds but are available for any lawful purpose including payment of debt service on the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds, at the discretion and upon action of the Board. It is not anticipated that any significant revenues will be available for the payment of debt service on the Bonds or the Outstanding Bonds.

### Waterworks and Sewer System Operating Statement

The following statement sets forth in condensed form the historical results of operation of the District's General Fund. Accounting principles customarily employed in the determination of net revenues have been observed and in all instances exclude depreciation. Such summary is based upon information obtained from the District's audited financial statements for fiscal years June 30, 2015 through 2019. Reference is made to such statements and records for further and more complete information.

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
<b>Revenues</b>					
Property Taxes	\$2,427,532	\$2,393,424	\$2,184,372	\$1,668,281	\$1,262,531
Water Service	734,888	698,550	666,406	615,927	420,404
Wastewater Service	794,332	742,918	686,881	594,241	428,068
Water Authority Assessment Fee	738,514	652,960	582,644	506,308	327,956
Penalty and Interest	34,146	26,816	33,857	30,046	24,916
Tap Connection and Inspection Fees	183,558	195,778	176,716	208,032	396,780
Investment Revenues	120,343	48,476	6,476	3,681	2,710
Miscellaneous	74,913	36,822	405,471	59,913	66,817
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$5,108,226</b>	<b>\$4,795,744</b>	<b>\$4,742,823</b>	<b>\$3,686,429</b>	<b>\$2,930,182</b>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
Professional Fees	\$ 373,444	\$ 250,030	\$ 283,582	\$ 422,822	\$ 223,386
Contracted Services	560,628	346,210	307,444	279,619	227,500
Purchased Water Service	808,663	773,413	644,951	492,522	303,063
Purchased Wastewater Service	717,549	429,577	360,527	-	-
Lease Costs	- (a)	266,300	277,200	84,800	85,200
Water Authority Assessment	85,088	166,732	126,384	111,603	102,878
Repairs and Maintenance	1,063,752 (b)	611,540	603,190	656,853	562,099
Utilities	100,923	94,176	80,778	191,944	179,332
Other	264,000	222,045	210,082	337,009	401,662
Capital Outlay	884,520 (c)	151,914	416,904	292,323	82,156
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>\$4,858,567</b>	<b>\$3,311,937</b>	<b>\$3,311,042</b>	<b>\$2,869,495</b>	<b>\$2,167,276</b>
<b>Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 249,659</b>	<b>\$1,483,807</b>	<b>\$1,431,781</b>	<b>\$ 816,934</b>	<b>\$ 762,906</b>
<b>Other Sources</b>					
Contribution from Water Authority	\$ 72,484	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers In (Out)	-	-	70,357	-	-
<b>Fund Balance (Beginning of Period)</b>	<b>\$5,884,779</b>	<b>\$4,400,972</b>	<b>\$2,898,834</b>	<b>\$2,081,900</b>	<b>\$1,318,994</b>
<b>Fund Balance (End of Period)</b>	<b>\$6,206,922</b>	<b>\$5,884,779</b>	<b>\$4,400,972</b>	<b>\$2,898,834</b>	<b>\$2,081,900</b>

- (a) Upon completion of the Phase IV expansion of the wastewater treatment plant, all lease costs for the entire wastewater treatment plant, as expanded, are shared based upon the percentage of capacity owned by the District and No. 132 in accordance with the Sewer Agreement. See "WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM—Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreements—Wastewater Treatment Plant Facilities" and "—Water, Sanitary Sewer and Drainage Facilities—Source of Wastewater Treatment" above. These lease costs, among other shared costs, are reflected in a special revenue fund for operation of the wastewater treatment plant, and the District's portion of such shared costs are included within the Purchased Wastewater Service line item. See "APPENDIX A".
- (b) Includes expenditures related to improvements and rehabilitation of District electrical systems.
- (c) Includes expenses related to offsite storm sewer, detention basin and fountain improvements.

## DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

The following table sets forth the debt service requirements for the Outstanding Bonds and the estimated debt service requirements for the Bonds at an assumed interest rate of 3.00% per annum.

Year	Outstanding Bonds Debt Service Requirements	Plus: Debt Service on the Bonds			Total Debt Service Requirements
		Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$ 6,457,525		\$ 57,188	\$ 57,188	\$ 6,514,713
2021	5,264,056	\$ 200,000	137,250	337,250	5,601,306
2022	5,222,519	200,000	131,250	331,250	5,553,769
2023	5,200,756	200,000	125,250	325,250	5,526,006
2024	5,161,256	200,000	119,250	319,250	5,480,506
2025	5,137,644	200,000	113,250	313,250	5,450,894
2026	5,096,156	200,000	107,250	307,250	5,403,406
2027	5,064,925	200,000	101,250	301,250	5,366,175
2028	5,015,975	200,000	95,250	295,250	5,311,225
2029	4,958,456	200,000	89,250	289,250	5,247,706
2030	4,922,856	200,000	83,250	283,250	5,206,106
2031	4,912,725	200,000	77,250	277,250	5,189,975
2032	4,846,313	200,000	71,250	271,250	5,117,563
2033	4,751,631	200,000	65,250	265,250	5,016,881
2034	4,667,563	200,000	59,250	259,250	4,926,813
2035	4,464,719	200,000	53,250	253,250	4,717,969
2036	4,248,113	200,000	47,250	247,250	4,495,363
2037	4,085,781	200,000	41,250	241,250	4,327,031
2038	3,463,094	200,000	35,250	235,250	3,698,344
2039	2,397,656	200,000	29,250	229,250	2,626,906
2040	1,720,313	200,000	23,250	223,250	1,943,563
2041	838,875	200,000	17,250	217,250	1,056,125
2042	411,438	200,000	11,250	211,250	622,688
2043	-	175,000	5,250	180,250	180,250
Total	\$ 98,310,344	\$ 4,575,000	\$ 1,695,938	\$ 6,270,938	\$104,581,281

Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2020-2037).....	\$5,165,882
Average Annual Debt Service Requirements (2020-2043).....	\$4,357,553
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (2020) .....	\$6,514,713

## INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

### **General**

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Houston, Fort Bend County, the State of Texas, or any entity other than the District. Payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect taxes levied on taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to service the District's bonded debt or in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property in the District and the taxes levied by the District and other taxing authorities upon the property within the District. See "THE BONDS—Source of and Security for Payment." The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by Registered Owners of the District's obligation to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that taxable property within the District will maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners or that there will be a market for the property or that owners of the property will have the ability to pay taxes. See "Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations" within.

### **Hurricane Harvey**

The greater Houston area is subject to occasional severe weather events, including tropical storms and hurricanes. If the District were to sustain damage to its facilities requiring substantial repair or replacement, or if substantial damage were to occur to taxable property within the District as a result of such a weather event, the investment security of the Bonds could be adversely affected. The greater Houston area has experienced four storms exceeding a 0.2% probability (i.e. "500-year flood" events) since 2015, including Hurricane Harvey, which made landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast on August 26, 2017, and brought historic levels of rainfall during the successive four days.

According to the Engineer and System Operator, the District's System did not sustain any material damage, there was no interruption of water and sewer service, and no homes or other improvements within the District experienced structural flooding or other material damage as a result of Hurricane Harvey.

If a hurricane (or any other natural disaster) significantly damaged all or part of the improvements within the District, the assessed value of property within the District could be substantially reduced, with a corresponding decrease in tax revenues or necessity to increase the District's tax rate. Further, there can be no assurance that a casualty loss to taxable property within the District will be covered by insurance (or that property owners will even carry flood insurance), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild or repair any damaged improvements within the District. Even if insurance proceeds are available and improvements are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values within the District would be adversely affected.

### **Specific Flood Type Risks**

*Ponding (or Pluvial) Flood.* Ponding, or pluvial, flooding occurs when heavy rainfall creates a flood event independent of an overflowing water body, typically in relatively flat areas. Intense rainfall can exceed the drainage capacity of a drainage system, which may result in water within the drainage system becoming trapped and diverted onto streets and nearby property until it is able to reach a natural outlet. Ponding can also occur in a flood pool upstream or behind a dam, levee or reservoir.

*Riverine (or Fluvial) Flood.* Riverine, or fluvial, flooding occurs when water levels rise over the top of river, bayou or channel banks due to excessive rain from tropical systems making landfall and/or persistent thunderstorms over the same area for extended periods of time. The damage from a riverine flood can be widespread. The overflow can affect smaller rivers and streams downstream or may sheet-flow over land. Flash flooding is a type of riverine flood that is characterized by an intense, high velocity torrent of water that occurs in an existing river channel with little to no notice. Flash flooding can also occur even if no rain has fallen, for instance, after a levee, dam or reservoir has failed or experienced an uncontrolled release, or after a sudden release of water by a debris or ice jam. In addition, planned or unplanned controlled releases from a dam, levee or reservoir also may result in flooding in areas adjacent to rivers, bayous or drainage systems downstream.

### **Economic Factors and Interest Rates**

A substantial percentage of the taxable value of the District results from the current market value of single-family residences and developed lots which are owned by the Developers or homebuilders. The market value of such properties is related to general economic conditions affecting the demand for properties. Demand for commercial projects and lots of this type and the construction of residential dwellings thereon can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability, construction costs, energy availability and the prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban center toward which the marketing of such properties is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could adversely impact such values.



## **Credit Markets and Liquidity in the Financial Markets**

Interest rates and the availability of mortgage and development funding have a direct impact on the construction activity, particularly short-term interest rates, at which developers are able to obtain financing for development costs. Interest rate levels may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete construction activities within the District. Because of the numerous and changing factors affecting the availability of funds, particularly liquidity in the national credit markets, the District is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued construction within the District. In addition, since the District is located approximately 26 miles from the central downtown business district of the City of Houston, the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the Houston metropolitan and regional economies and national credit and financial markets. A downturn in the economic conditions of Houston and a decline in the nation's real estate and financial markets could adversely affect development and home-building plans in the District and restrain the growth of or reduce the District's property tax base.

## **Competition**

The demand for and construction of single-family homes in the District, which is approximately 26 miles from downtown Houston, could be affected by competition from other residential developments, including other residential developments located in the southwestern portion of the Houston area market. In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously owned homes in the area of the District. Such homes could represent additional competition for new homes proposed to be sold within the District.

The competitive position of the homebuilders in the sale of single-family residential houses within the District is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position directly affects the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developers or the homebuilders will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

## **Landowner Obligation to the District**

There are no commitments from or obligations of the Developers or any landowner to the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or the construction of improvements in the District, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed tracts of land or developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District. The District cannot and does not make any representations that over the life of the Bonds the District will increase or maintain its taxable value.

## **Impact on District Tax Rate**

Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of District property owners to pay their taxes. The 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of the District (see "FINANCIAL STATEMENT") is \$605,137,087. After issuance of the Bonds, the maximum annual debt service requirement will be \$6,514,713 (2020) and the average annual debt service requirements will be \$5,165,882 (2020-2037) and \$4,357,553 (2020-2043). Assuming no increase or decrease from the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation and no use of funds other than tax collections, a tax rate of \$1.14 per \$100 assessed valuation at a 95% collection rate would be necessary to pay the maximum annual debt service requirement of \$6,514,713 and tax rates of \$0.90 and \$0.76 per \$100 assessed valuation at a 95% collection rate would be necessary to pay the average annual debt service requirements of \$5,165,882 and \$4,357,553, respectively (see "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service"). The Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 within the District is \$652,186,210. Assuming no increase or decrease from the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019 and no use of funds other than tax collections, tax rates of \$1.06, \$0.84, and \$0.71 per \$100 assessed valuation would be necessary to pay the maximum annual requirement and average annual requirements, respectively. Although calculations have been made regarding average and maximum tax rates necessary to pay the debt service on the Bonds based upon the 2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation and the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of October 15, 2019, the District can make no representations regarding the future level of assessed valuation within the District. Increases in the tax rate may be required in the event the District's assessed valuation does not continue to increase or in the event major taxpayers do not pay their District taxes timely. Increases in taxable values depend primarily on the continuing construction and sale of homes and other taxable improvements within the District. See "TAX PROCEDURES" and "TAX DATA—Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."

## **Future Debt**

The District reserves in the Bond Resolution the right to issue the remaining \$20,465,000 principal amount of authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing road facilities and refunding such bonds, remaining after issuance of the Bonds. The District may also issue the remaining \$51,790,000 principal amount of authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities, the remaining \$12,000,000 principal amount of authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for recreational facilities, and the remaining \$73,570,000 principal amount of authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for refunding of bonds. The District may issue additional bonds approved by District voters in future elections. The District anticipates selling additional bonds in the future. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS—Future Debt." The issuance of such obligations may adversely affect the investment security of the Bonds. The District does not employ any formula with regard to assessed valuations or tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of bonds which may be issued. Any bonds issued by the District, however, must be approved by the Attorney General of Texas and the Board of the District and any bonds issued to acquire or construct water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities and recreational facilities, but not road facilities or facilities in aid thereof, must be approved by the Commission.

## **Tax Collection Limitations**

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by its inability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on a parity with the liens of all other state and local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by market conditions limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of taxable property and collection procedures. While the District has a lien on taxable property within the District for taxes levied against such property, such lien can be foreclosed only in a judicial proceeding. The costs of collecting any such taxpayer's delinquencies could substantially reduce the net proceeds to the District from a tax foreclosure sale. Finally, a bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes against such taxpayer. In addition to the automatic stay against collection of delinquent taxes afforded a taxpayer during the pendency of a bankruptcy, a bankruptcy could affect payment of taxes in two other ways: first, a debtor's confirmation plan may allow a debtor to make installment payments on delinquent taxes for up to six years; and, second, a debtor may challenge, and a bankruptcy court may reduce, the amount of any taxes assessed against the debtor, including taxes that have already been paid. See "TAX PROCEDURES—District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies."

## **Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy Limitations**

If the District defaults in the payment of principal, interest, or redemption price on the Bonds when due, if it fails to make payments into any fund or funds created in the Bond Resolution, or if it defaults in the observation or performance of any other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, the Registered Owners have the statutory right of a writ of mandamus issued by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the District and its officials to observe and perform the covenants, obligations, or conditions prescribed in the Bond Resolution. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default, and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Further, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the Registered Owners. Statutory language authorizing local governments such as the District to sue and be sued does not waive the local government's sovereign immunity from suits for money damages, so that in the absence of other waivers of such immunity by the Texas Legislature, a default by the District in its covenants in the Bond Resolution may not be reduced to a judgment for money damages. If such a judgment against the District were obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may further be limited by a State of Texas statute reasonably required to attain an important public purpose or by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions, such as the District.

Subject to the requirements of Texas law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of Registered Owner's remedies, including mandamus. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismisses the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay, or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision such as the District may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it is (1) authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law, (2) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (3) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (4) has either obtained the agreement of or negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiation is impracticable. Special districts such as the District must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its rights and powers under Texas law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect Registered Owners by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating the collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners' claims against a district.

A district may not be forced into bankruptcy involuntarily.

## **Environmental Regulations**

Wastewater treatment, water supply, storm sewer facilities and construction activities within the District are subject to complex environmental laws and regulations at the federal, state and local levels that may require or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment, such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water wells, wastewater treatment and other facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are treated and released into the air, water and soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other properties; or
- Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution.

Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements and issuance of injunctions to ensure future compliance. Environmental laws and compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Environmental laws can also inhibit growth and development within the District. Further, changes in regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

*Air Quality Issues.* Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the “EPA”) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the “TCEQ”) may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Houston area. Under the Clean Air Act (“CAA”) Amendments of 1990, the eight-county Houston-Galveston-Brazoria area (“HGB Area”)—Harris, Galveston, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Waller, Montgomery and Liberty Counties—has been designated a nonattainment area under three separate federal ozone standards: the one-hour (124 parts per billion (“ppb”)) and eight-hour (84 ppb) standards promulgated by the EPA in 1997 (the “1997 Ozone Standards”); the tighter, eight-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008 (the “2008 Ozone Standard”), and the EPA’s most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight-hour ozone standard in 2015 (the “2015 Ozone Standard”). While the State of Texas has been able to demonstrate steady progress and improvements in air quality in the HGB Area, the HGB Area remains subject to CAA nonattainment requirements.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a severe ozone nonattainment area under the 1997 Ozone Standards. While the EPA has revoked the 1997 Ozone Standards, the EPA historically has not formally redesignated nonattainment areas for a revoked standard. As a result, the HGB Area remained subject to continuing severe nonattainment area “anti-backsliding” requirements, despite the fact that HGB Area air quality has been attaining the 1997 Ozone Standards since 2014. In late 2015, the EPA approved the TCEQ’s “redesignation substitute” for the HGB Area under the revoked 1997 Ozone Standards, leaving the HGB Area subject only to the nonattainment area requirements under the 2008 Ozone Standard (and later, the 2015 Ozone Standard).

In February 2018, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit issued an opinion in *South Coast Air Quality Management District v. EPA*, 882 F.3d 1138 (D.C. Cir. 2018) vacating the EPA redesignation substitute rule that provided the basis for the EPA’s decision to eliminate the anti-backsliding requirements that had applied in the HGB Area under the 1997 Ozone Standard. The court has not responded to the EPA’s April 2018 request for rehearing of the case. To address the uncertainty created by the South Coast court’s ruling, the TCEQ has developed a formal request that the HGB Area be redesignated to attainment under the 1997 Ozone Standards. The TCEQ Commissioners approved publication of a proposed HGB Area redesignation request under the 1997 Ozone Standards on September 5, 2018.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a “moderate” nonattainment area under the 2008 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of July 20, 2018. If the EPA ultimately determines that the HGB Area has failed to meet the attainment deadline based on the relevant data, the area is subject to reclassification to a nonattainment classification that provides for more stringent controls on emissions from the industrial sector. In addition, the EPA may impose a moratorium on the awarding of federal highway construction grants and other federal grants for certain public works construction projects if it finds that an area fails to demonstrate progress in reducing ozone levels.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a “marginal” nonattainment area under the 2015 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of August 3, 2021. For purposes of the 2015 Ozone Standard, the HGB Area consists of only six counties: Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, and Montgomery Counties.

In order to demonstrate progress toward attainment of the EPA’s ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan (“SIP”) for the HGB Area setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the HGB Area. These SIP requirements can negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the HGB Area to reach attainment with the ozone standards by the EPA’s attainment deadlines. These additional controls could have a negative impact on the HGB Area’s economic growth and development.

*Water Supply & Discharge Issues.* Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) groundwater well permitting and surface water appropriation; (2) public water supply systems; (3) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities; (4) storm water discharges; and (5) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Certain governmental entities regulate groundwater usage in the HGB Area. A municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district that (i) is located within the boundaries of such an entity that regulates groundwater usage, and (ii) relies on local groundwater as a source of water supply, may be subject to requirements and restrictions on the drilling of water wells and/or the production of groundwater that could affect both the engineering and economic feasibility of district water supply projects.

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (“SDWA”) and the EPA’s National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (“NPDWRs”), which are implemented by the TCEQ’s Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district’s provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system. Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency’s rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“TPDES”) permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000), with an effective date of March 5, 2018, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain nonstormwater discharges into surface water in the state. It has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act (“CWA”) and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district’s ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The District is subject to the TCEQ’s General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the “MS4 Permit”), which was issued by the TCEQ on January 24, 2019. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems. The District has applied for coverage under the MS4 Permit and is awaiting final approval from the TCEQ. In order to maintain compliance with the MS4 Permit, the District continues to develop, implement, and maintain the required plans, as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff. Costs associated with these compliance activities could be substantial in the future.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the “waters of the United States.” The District must obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (“USACE”) if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

In 2015, the EPA and USACE promulgated a rule known as the Clean Water Rule (“CWR”) aimed at redefining “waters of the United States” over which the EPA and USACE have jurisdiction under the CWA. The CWR significantly expanded the scope of the federal government’s CWA jurisdiction over intrastate water bodies and wetlands. The CWR was challenged in numerous jurisdictions, including the Southern District of Texas, causing significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of “waters of the United States” and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction.

On September 12, 2019, the EPA and USACE finalized a rule repealing the CWR, thus reinstating the regulatory text that existed prior to the adoption of the CWR. This repeal officially became final on December 23, 2019, but the repeal has itself become the subject of litigation in multiple jurisdictions.

On January 23, 2020, the EPA and USACE released the Navigable Waters Protection Rule (“NWPR”), which contains a new definition of “waters of the United States.” The stated purpose of the NWPR is to restore and maintain the integrity of the nation’s waters by maintaining federal authority over the waters Congress has determined should be regulated by the federal government, while preserving the states’ primary authority over land and water resources. The new definition outlines four categories of waters that are considered “waters of the United States,” and thus federally regulated under the CWA: (i) territorial seas and traditional navigable waters; (ii) perennial and intermittent tributaries to territorial seas and traditional navigable waters; (iii) certain lakes, ponds, and impoundments of jurisdictional waters; and (iv) wetlands adjacent to jurisdictional waters. The new rule also identifies certain specific categories that are not “waters of the United States,” and therefore not federally regulated under the CWA: (a) groundwater; (b) ephemeral features that flow only in direct response to precipitation; (c) diffuse stormwater runoff and directional sheet flow over upland; (d) certain ditches; (e) prior converted cropland; (f) certain artificially irrigated areas; (g) certain artificial lakes and ponds; (h) certain water-filled depressions and certain pits; (i) certain stormwater control features; (j) certain groundwater recharge, water reuse, and wastewater recycling structures; and (k) waste treatment systems. The NWPR will become effective 60 days after the date of its publication in the Federal Register, and will likely become the subject of further litigation.

Due to ongoing rulemaking activity, as well as existing and possible future litigation, there remains uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of “waters of the United States” and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction. Depending on the final outcome of such proceedings, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements.

### **Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants**

The Bond Resolution contains covenants by the District intended to preserve the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds. Failure by the District to comply with such covenants in the Bond Resolution on a continuous basis prior to maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See “TAX MATTERS.”

### **Marketability**

The District has no agreement with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

## **Changes in Tax Legislation**

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

## **Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance**

The District has applied for a bond insurance policy (the “Policy”) to guarantee the scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. If the Policy is purchased, investors should be aware of the following investment considerations:

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the insurer (the “Insurer”) and its claim paying ability. The Insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the Insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the Insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See description of “MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE.”

The obligations of the Insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the Insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District nor the Initial Purchaser has made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the Insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the Insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims-paying ability of the Insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See “MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE” for further information provided by the Insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the Insurer.

## **LEGAL MATTERS**

### **Legal Proceedings**

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District, and, based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds, the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel, to a like effect and to the effect that, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this Official Statement under “THE BONDS,” “THE DISTRICT—General,” “ROAD SYSTEM—Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreement,” “WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM—Joint Facilities and Cost Sharing Agreements,” “TAX PROCEDURES,” “LEGAL MATTERS,” “TAX MATTERS,” and “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION” solely to determine if such information, insofar as it relates to matters of law, is true and correct, and whether such information fairly summarizes the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP also serves as General Counsel to the District on matters other than the issuance of bonds. The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

### **No Material Adverse Change**

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement.

## **No-Litigation Certificate**

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, executed by both the President and Secretary of the Board, and dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, to the effect that there is not pending, and to their knowledge, there is not threatened, any litigation affecting the validity of the Bonds, or the levy and/or collection of taxes for the payment thereof, or the organization or boundaries of the District, or the title of the officers thereof to their respective offices, and that no additional bonds or other indebtedness have been issued since the date of the statement of indebtedness or nonencumbrance certificate submitted to the Attorney General of Texas in connection with approval of the Bonds.

## **TAX MATTERS**

In the opinion of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) imposes a number of requirements that must be satisfied for interest on state or local obligations, such as the Bonds, to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. These requirements include limitations on the use of proceeds and the source of repayment limitations on the investment of proceeds prior to expenditure, a requirement that excess arbitrage earned on the investment of proceeds be paid periodically to the United States and a requirement that the issuer file an information report with the Internal Revenue Service (the “Service”). The District has covenanted in the Bond Resolution that it will comply with these requirements.

Bond Counsel's opinion will assume continuing compliance with the covenants of the Bond Resolution pertaining to those sections of the Code which affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and, in addition, will rely on representations by the District, the District's Financial Advisor and the Initial Purchaser with respect to matters solely within the knowledge of the District, the District's Financial Advisor and the Initial Purchaser, respectively, which Bond Counsel has not independently verified. If the District should fail to comply with the covenants in the Bond Resolution or if the foregoing representations should be determined to be inaccurate or incomplete, interest on the Bonds could become taxable from the date of delivery of the Bonds, regardless of the date on which the event causing such taxability occurs.

Under the Code, taxpayers are required to report on their returns the amount of tax-exempt interest, such as interest on the Bonds, received or accrued during the year. Payments of interest on tax-exempt obligations such as the Bonds are in many cases required to be reported to the Service. Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any owner who is not an “exempt recipient” and who fails to provide certain identifying information. Individuals generally are not exempt recipients, whereas corporations and certain other entities generally are exempt recipients.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to financial institutions, life insurance and property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax exempt obligations, taxpayers owning an interest in a FASIT that holds tax-exempt obligations, and individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income credit. In addition, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States may be subject to the “branch profits tax” on their effectively-connected earnings and profits, including tax exempt interest such as interest on the Bonds. These categories of prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences.

Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on Bond Counsel's knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Bond Counsel's attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Service; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's legal judgment based upon its review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that it deems relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the owners of the Bonds may not have a right to participate in such audit. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds during the pendency of the audit regardless of the ultimate outcome of the audit.

## **Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount Bonds**

The issue price of certain of the Bonds (the “Original Issue Discount Bonds”) may be less than the stated redemption price at maturity. In such case, under existing law, and based upon the assumptions hereinafter stated (a) the difference between (i) the stated amount payable at the maturity of each Original Issue Discount Bond and (ii) the issue price of such Original Issue Discount Bond constitutes original issue discount with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond at the initial public offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds; and (b) such initial owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in Section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period that such Original Issue Discount Bond continues to be owned by such owner.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income. (Because original issue discount is treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, the discussion regarding interest on the Bonds under the caption "TAX MATTERS" generally applies, except as otherwise provided below, to original issue discount on an Original Issue Discount Bond held by an owner who purchased such Bond at the initial offering price in the initial public offering of the Bonds, and should be considered in connection with the discussion in this portion of the Official Statement.)

The foregoing is based on the assumptions that (a) the Initial Purchaser has purchased the Bonds for contemporaneous sale to the general public and not for investment purposes, and (b) all of the Original Issue Discount Bonds have been offered, and a substantial amount of each maturity thereof has been sold, to the general public in arm's-length transactions for a cash price (and with no other consideration being included) equal to the initial offering prices thereof stated on the cover page of this Official Statement, and (c) the respective initial offering prices of the Original Issue Discount Bonds to the general public are equal to the fair market value thereof. Neither the District nor Bond Counsel warrants that the Original Issue Discount Bonds will be offered and sold in accordance with such assumptions.

Under existing law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price plus the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of such Bonds.

#### **Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations**

The Bonds have not been designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

### **SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS**

#### **Award of the Bonds**

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net interest cost, which bid was tendered by \_\_\_\_\_ (the "Initial Purchaser") bearing the interest rates shown on the cover page hereof, at a price of \_\_\_\_\_% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of delivery which resulted in a net effective interest rate of \_\_\_\_\_% as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204 of the Texas Government Code.

#### **Prices and Marketability**

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed at any time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Initial Purchaser may over-allot or effect transactions that stabilize or maintain the market prices of the Bonds at levels above those that might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of utility district bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market.

## **Securities Laws**

No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

## **MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE**

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned an underlying rating of "A3" to the Bonds. An explanation of the rating may be obtained from Moody's. The rating fees of Moody's will be paid by the District; however, the fees associated with any other rating will be the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

Application has also been made for the qualification of the Bonds for municipal bond insurance. If qualified, such insurance will be available at the option of the Initial Purchaser and at the Initial Purchaser's expense. The rating fees of Moody's will be paid by the District; any other rating fees associated with the insurance will be the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS—Risk Factors Related to the Purchase of Municipal Bond Insurance."

There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by Moody's, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

## **PREPARATION OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

### **Sources and Compilation of Information**

The financial data and other information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the Developers, the Engineer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, the Appraisal District and information from certain other sources. All of these sources are believed to be reliable, but no guarantee is made by the District as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from sources other than the District, and its inclusion herein is not to be construed as a representation on the part of the District except as described below under "Certification of Official Statement." Furthermore, there is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will be realized. The summaries of the agreements, reports, statutes, resolutions, engineering and other related information set forth in this Official Statement are included herein subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents for further information.

### **Financial Advisor**

Masterson Advisors LLC is employed as the Financial Advisor to the District to render certain professional services, including advising the District on a plan of financing and preparing the Official Statement, including the Official Notice of Sale and the Official Bid Form for the sale of the Bonds. In its capacity as Financial Advisor, Masterson Advisors LLC has compiled and edited this Official Statement. In addition to compiling and editing, the Financial Advisor has obtained the information set forth herein under the caption indicated from the following sources:

"THE DISTRICT" – L.O.B. Limited Partnership and LOB West, Inc. ("Developers"), Benchmark Engineering Corporation ("Engineer"), and Records of the District ("Records"); "THE DEVELOPERS" – Developers; "ROAD SYSTEM" – Engineer; "WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM" – Engineer; "UNLIMITED TAX BONDS AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED" – Records; "FINANCIAL STATEMENT" – Fort Bend Central Appraisal District and Assessments of the Southwest, Inc., Tax Assessor/Collector; "ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT" – Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and Financial Advisor; "TAX DATA" – Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.; "MANAGEMENT" – District Records; "DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS" – Financial Advisor; "THE BONDS," "TAX PROCEDURES," and "LEGAL MATTERS" – Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP.

The Financial Advisor has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.



## **Consultants**

In approving this Official Statement the District has relied upon the following consultants.

**Engineer:** The information contained in this Official Statement relating to engineering matters and to the description of the System and in particular that information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT," "ROAD SYSTEM," and "WATER SUPPLY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM" has been provided by Benchmark Engineering Corporation and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

**Appraisal District:** The information contained in this Official Statement relating to the assessed valuations has been provided by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of such entity as experts in assessing the values of property in Fort Bend County, including the District.

**Tax Assessor/Collector:** The information contained in this Official Statement relating to the historical breakdown of the Assessed Valuations, principal taxpayers, and certain other historical data concerning tax rates and tax collections has been provided by Assessments of the Southwest, Inc., and is included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as an expert in assessing and collecting taxes.

**Auditor:** The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 were audited by McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC, Certified Public Accountants. See APPENDIX A for a copy of the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

## **Updating the Official Statement**

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser, of any adverse event which causes the Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the Official Statement satisfactory to the Initial Purchaser; provided, however, that the obligation of the District to so amend or supplement the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser notifies the District on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time as required by law (but not more than 90 days after the date the District delivers the Bonds).

## **Certification of Official Statement**

The District, acting through its Board of Directors in its official capacity, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that the information, statements, and descriptions or any addenda, supplement and amendment thereto pertaining to the District and its affairs contained herein, to the best of its knowledge and belief, contain no untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. With respect to information included in this Official Statement other than that relating to the District, the District has no reason to believe that such information contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; however, the Board has made no independent investigation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information derived from sources other than the District. In rendering such certificate, the official executing this certificate may state that he has relied in part on his examination of records of the District relating to matters within his own area of responsibility, and his discussions with, or certificates or correspondence signed by, certain other officials, employees, consultants and representatives of the District.

## **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION**

In the Bond Resolution, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of certain specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the “MSRB”). The MSRB has established the Electronic Municipal Market Access (“EMMA”) System.

### **Annual Reports**

The District will provide certain financial information and operating data annually to the MSRB. The financial information and operating data which will be provided with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included in this OFFICIAL STATEMENT under the headings “FINANCIAL STATEMENT,” “TAX DATA,” “WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS,” and “DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS” and in APPENDIX A (Financial Statements of the District and certain supplemental schedules). The District will update and provide this information to the MSRB within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2020. Any financial statements provided by the District shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable year to the MSRB within such six month period and audited financial statements when the audit becomes available.

The District's current fiscal year end is June 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by December 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

### **Event Notices**

The District will provide timely notices of certain specified events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person; (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of an definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which affect Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms “obligated person” and “financial obligation” when used in this paragraph shall have the meanings ascribed to them under SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”). The term “material” when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution makes any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide financial information, operational data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under “Annual Reports.”

### **Availability of Information from MSRB**

The District has agreed to provide the foregoing information only to the MSRB. The MSRB makes the information available to the public through the EMMA internet portal at [www.emma.msrb.org](http://www.emma.msrb.org).

### **Limitations and Amendments**

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of specified events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although Registered or Beneficial Owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement from time to time to adapt the changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, if but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering made hereby in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as such changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent to the amendment or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. The District may amend or repeal the agreement in the Bond Resolution if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid or unenforceable, but only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the initial offering. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

#### **Compliance with Prior Undertakings**

During the last five years, the District has complied in all material respects with its continuing disclosure agreements made in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

### **MISCELLANEOUS**

All estimates, statements and assumptions in this Official Statement and the Appendix hereto have been made on the basis of the best information available and are believed to be reliable and accurate. Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such statements will be realized.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133, as of the date shown on the cover page.

/s/ \_\_\_\_\_  
President, Board of Directors  
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133

ATTEST:

/s/ \_\_\_\_\_  
Secretary, Board of Directors  
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133

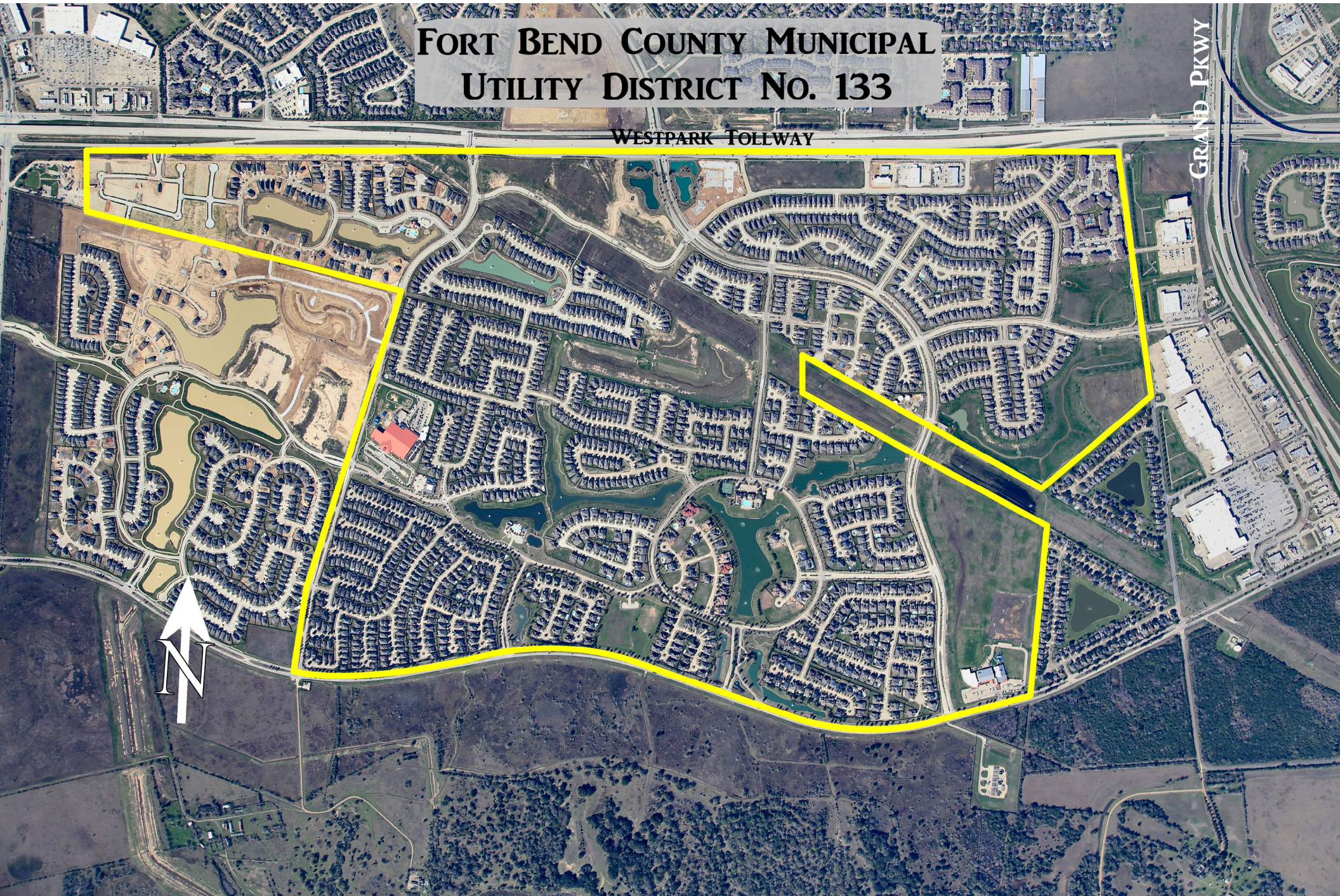
**AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH**  
**(Approximate boundaries of the District as of January 2020)**



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL  
UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**

WESTPARK TOLLWAY

GRAND PKWY





**PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DISTRICT**  
**(Taken January 2020)**























## **APPENDIX A**

**District Audited Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**

**FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

**JUNE 30, 2019**

**McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC**  
Certified Public Accountants



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**

**FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

**JUNE 30, 2019**





## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-8
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	9-12
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	13
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	14-17
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	18-19
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	20-37
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND AND EACH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	39-41
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE	
NOTES REQUIRED BY THE WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE (Included in the notes to the financial statements)	
SERVICES AND RATES	43-45
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES	46-47
INVESTMENTS	48
TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE	49-50
LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS	51-64
CHANGE IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT	65-68
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE FUND - FIVE YEARS	69-72
BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS	73-74



# **McCALL GIBSON SWEDLUND BARFOOT PLLC**

*Certified Public Accountants*

13100 Wortham Center Drive  
Suite 235  
Houston, Texas 77065-5610  
(713) 462-0341  
Fax (713) 462-2708  
E-Mail: [mgsb@mgsbpllc.com](mailto:mgsb@mgsbpllc.com)

9600 Great Hills Trail  
Suite 150W  
Austin, Texas 78759  
(512) 610-2209  
[www.mgsbpllc.com](http://www.mgsbpllc.com)

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Directors  
Fort Bend County Municipal  
Utility District No. 133  
Fort Bend County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the *Water District Financial Management Guide* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide any assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC  
Certified Public Accountants  
Houston, Texas

October 9, 2019



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

Management's discussion and analysis of Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

**USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The District's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position changed during the current year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has six governmental fund types. The General Fund accounts for resources not accounted for in another fund, customer service revenues, costs and general expenditures. The Special Revenue Fund – Water Facilities accounts for the activities related to the joint water facilities shared with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132. The Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Operating accounts for the operating activities related to the joint wastewater facilities shared with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132. The Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Construction accounts for the construction activities related to the joint wastewater facilities shared with Fort



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132. This fund was closed as of the end of this fiscal year. The Debt Service Fund accounts for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond debt and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of District facilities and related costs.

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the District and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explain the differences between the two presentations and assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**OTHER INFORMATION**

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI"). Budgetary comparison schedules are included as RSI for the General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$20,502,344 as of June 30, 2019.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. water and wastewater, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The District uses these assets to provide water and wastewater services.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

A comparative analysis of government-wide changes in net position is presented below:

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position		
	2019	2018	Change Positive (Negative)
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,645,160	\$ 15,757,727	\$ 887,433
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	59,691,240	56,679,933	3,011,307
Total Assets	<u>\$ 76,336,400</u>	<u>\$ 72,437,660</u>	<u>\$ 3,898,740</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 930,310	\$ 933,732	\$ (3,422)
Due to Developer	\$ 27,476,369	\$ 24,628,077	\$ (2,848,292)
Long -Term Liabilities	68,996,438	58,114,180	(10,882,258)
Other Liabilities	1,296,247	7,572,009	6,275,762
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 97,769,054</u>	<u>\$ 90,314,266</u>	<u>\$ (7,454,788)</u>
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (33,573,941)	\$ (29,057,185)	\$ (4,516,756)
Restricted	7,084,284	6,444,529	639,755
Unrestricted	5,987,313	5,669,782	317,531
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (20,502,344)</u>	<u>\$ (16,942,874)</u>	<u>\$ (3,559,470)</u>

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ended June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018. The District's net position decreased by \$3,559,470.

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Activities		
	2019	2018	Change Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Property Taxes	\$ 7,485,032	\$ 7,193,307	\$ 291,725
Charges for Services	2,996,391	2,570,689	425,702
Other Revenues	515,914	161,520	354,394
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 10,997,337</u>	<u>\$ 9,925,516</u>	<u>\$ 1,071,821</u>
Expenses for Services	<u>14,556,807</u>	<u>10,216,077</u>	<u>(4,340,730)</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ (3,559,470)	\$ (290,561)	\$ (3,268,909)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(16,942,874)	(16,652,313)	(290,561)
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ (20,502,344)</u>	<u>\$ (16,942,874)</u>	<u>\$ (3,559,470)</u>

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The District's combined fund balances as of June 30, 2019, were \$15,754,577, an increase of \$7,124,158 from the prior year.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$322,143, primarily due to tax and service revenues exceeding operating and capital costs.

The Special Revenue – Water Facilities is revenue neutral. Costs incurred are billed to the respective participants on a monthly basis.

The Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Operating is revenue neutral as costs are billed to the respective participants on a monthly basis.

The Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Construction decreased by \$222,154, primarily due to capital costs from previous years' capital contributions and had no fund balance as of the end of the current fiscal year.

The Debt Service Fund fund balance increased by \$596,106, primarily due to the structure of the District's debt service requirements.

The Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by \$6,428,063, primarily due to unspent proceeds from bonds issued in the current fiscal year.

**GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Board of Directors amended the budget during the year to increase projected property tax revenues, repairs and maintenance costs and capital outlay. Actual revenues were \$223,226 more than budgeted primarily due to higher than expected revenues across most categories. Actual expenditures were \$47,146 less than budgeted expenditures primarily due to lower than expected purchased wastewater costs, contracted services, water authority assessments and capital outlay, which were offset by higher than anticipated professional fees, purchased water costs, repairs and maintenance costs and miscellaneous costs.

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

The District's capital assets as of June 30, 2019, amount to \$59,691,240 (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include the water, wastewater and drainage systems.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Capital Assets At Year-End, Net of Accumulated Depreciation			
	2019	2018	Change Positive (Negative)
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:			
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 1,791,517	\$ 1,791,517	\$
Construction in Progress	83,200	1,110,661	(1,027,461)
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:			
Landscaping and			
Other Improvements	3,165,376	3,369,586	(204,210)
Water System	9,070,965	9,189,232	(118,267)
Wastewater System	16,565,070	15,251,086	1,313,984
Drainage System	28,459,361	25,629,180	2,830,181
Investment in Drainage Capacity	555,751	338,671	217,080
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 59,691,240</u>	<u>\$ 56,679,933</u>	<u>\$ 3,011,307</u>

**LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total bond debt payable of \$69,300,000. The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

Bond Debt Payable, July 1, 2018	\$ 58,465,000
Add: Bonds Sold	15,190,000
Less: Bond Principal Paid and Refunded	<u>4,355,000</u>
Bond Debt Payable, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 69,300,000</u>

The District's Series 2012A, Series 2013 and Series 2014 bonds carry an underlying rating of "BBB-" from Standard & Poor's. The Series 2015, Series 2016 Refunding, Series 2016, Series 2017, Series 2018, Series 2019 and Series 2019A Refunding bonds carry an underlying rating of "A3" from Moody's. The Series 2013 and Series 2014 bonds carry an insured rating of "AA" from Standard & Poor's from virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. The Series 2015, Series 2016 Refunding, Series 2017, Series 2018, Series 2019 and Series 2019A Refunding bonds carry an insured rating of "AA" from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company. The Series 2016 bonds carry an insured rating of "AA" from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Municipal Assurance Corp. The District's ratings of insured bonds are subject to change based on the changes in the ratings of the bond insurer and include all changes through June 30, 2019.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133, c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027-9944.

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue Fund - Water Facilities</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash	\$ 557,320	\$ 73,705
Investments	5,929,561	
Receivables:		
Property Taxes	44,255	
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Taxes		
Service Accounts (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$-0-)	168,312	
Other		
Due from Other Funds	13,578	81,035
Prepaid Costs	15,610	
Due from Other Governmental Unit		37,526
Advance for Water Plant Operations	39,054	
Advance for Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations	50,000	
Land		
Construction in Progress		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>\$ 6,817,690</u>	<u>\$ 192,266</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>		
Deferred Charges on Refunding Bonds	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<u><u>\$ 6,817,690</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 192,266</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Operating	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
\$ 93,250	\$ 419,339	\$ 781,260	\$ 1,924,874	\$	\$ 1,924,874
	7,130,543	1,226,535	14,286,639		14,286,639
	86,728		130,983		130,983
				38,134	38,134
			168,312		168,312
	1,650		1,650		1,650
16,250	869	10,949	122,681	(122,681)	
39,400			55,010		55,010
2,032			39,558		39,558
			39,054	(39,054)	
			50,000	(50,000)	
				1,791,517	1,791,517
				83,200	83,200
				57,816,523	57,816,523
<u>\$ 150,932</u>	<u>\$ 7,639,129</u>	<u>\$ 2,018,744</u>	<u>\$ 16,818,761</u>	<u>\$ 59,517,639</u>	<u>\$ 76,336,400</u>
<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 930,310</u>	<u>\$ 930,310</u>
<u><u>\$ 150,932</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,639,129</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,018,744</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,818,761</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 60,447,949</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 77,266,710</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue Fund - Water Facilities</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts Payable	\$ 203,219	\$ 114,158
Accrued Interest Payable		
Due to Developers		
Due to Other Funds	109,103	
Due to Taxpayers		
Security Deposits	254,191	
Accrued Interest at Time of Sale		
Advance for Water Plant Operations		78,108
Advance for Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations		
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable, Due Within One Year		
Bonds Payable, Due After One Year		
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<u>\$ 566,513</u>	<u>\$ 192,266</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>		
Property Taxes	<u>\$ 44,255</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid Costs	\$ 15,610	\$
For Water Plant Operations	39,054	
For Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations	50,000	
Restricted for Authorized Construction		
Restricted for Debt Service		
Unassigned	<u>6,102,258</u>	
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<u>\$ 6,206,922</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<u>\$ 6,817,690</u>	<u>\$ 192,266</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets		
Restricted for Debt Service		
Unrestricted		
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>		

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Operating	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
\$ 50,932	\$	\$ 5,292	\$ 373,601	\$	\$ 373,601
				579,401	579,401
	13,578		122,681	27,476,369 (122,681)	27,476,369
			254,191		254,191
	4,620		4,620	(4,620)	
			78,108	(39,054)	39,054
100,000			100,000	(50,000)	50,000
				2,380,000	2,380,000
				66,616,438	66,616,438
<u>\$ 150,932</u>	<u>\$ 18,198</u>	<u>\$ 5,292</u>	<u>\$ 933,201</u>	<u>\$ 96,835,853</u>	<u>\$ 97,769,054</u>
<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 86,728</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 130,983</u>	<u>\$ (130,983)</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>
\$ 39,400	\$	\$	\$ 55,010 39,054	\$ (55,010) (39,054)	\$
			50,000	(50,000)	
		2,013,452	2,013,452	(2,013,452)	
	7,534,203		7,534,203	(7,534,203)	
<u>(39,400)</u>			<u>6,062,858</u>	<u>(6,062,858)</u>	
<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 7,534,203</u>	<u>\$ 2,013,452</u>	<u>\$ 15,754,577</u>	<u>\$ (15,754,577)</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>
<u>\$ 150,932</u>	<u>\$ 7,639,129</u>	<u>\$ 2,018,744</u>	<u>\$ 16,818,761</u>		
				\$ (33,573,941)	\$ (33,573,941)
				7,084,284	7,084,284
				5,987,313	5,987,313
				<u>\$ (20,502,344)</u>	<u>\$ (20,502,344)</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 15,754,577
--	---------------

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	59,691,240
--	------------

Interest paid in advance as part of a refunding bond sale is recorded as a deferred outflow in the governmental activities and systematically charged to interest expense over the remaining life of the new debt or the old debt, whichever is shorter.	930,310
--	---------

Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues and penalty and interest receivable on delinquent taxes for the 2018 and prior tax levies became part of recognized revenue in the governmental activities of the District.	169,117
--	---------

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities at year end consist of:

Due to Developer	\$ (27,476,369)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(574,781)	
Bonds Payable	<u>(68,996,438)</u>	<u>(97,047,588)</u>

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (20,502,344)</u>
--	------------------------

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF**  
**REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - Water Facilities	Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Operating
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,427,532	\$	\$
Water Service	734,888	1,055,295	
Wastewater Service	794,332		921,718
Water Authority Assessment Fee	738,514		
Penalty and Interest	34,146		
Tap Connection and Inspection Fees	183,558		
Investment Revenues	120,343	213	172
Miscellaneous Revenues	74,913	28,571	
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>\$ 5,108,226</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,079</u>	<u>\$ 921,890</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES</b>			
Service Operations:			
Professional Fees	\$ 373,444	\$ 10,957	\$ 13,239
Contracted Services	560,628	21,000	35,249
Purchased Water Service	808,663		
Purchased Wastewater Service	717,549		
Lease Costs			423,100
Water Authority Surface Water/Assessment	85,088	892,392	
Repairs and Maintenance	1,063,752	91,955	148,474
Utilities	100,923	43,160	122,695
Depreciation			
Other	264,000	24,615	179,133
Capital Outlay	884,520		
Conveyance of Assets			
Debt Service:			
Bond Principal			
Bond and Developer Interest			
Bond Anticipation Note Interest			
Bond Issuance Costs			
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent			
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES</b>	<u>\$ 4,858,567</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,079</u>	<u>\$ 921,890</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Construction	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
\$	\$ 5,069,193	\$	\$ 7,496,725	\$ (11,693)	\$ 7,485,032
			1,790,183	(808,663)	981,520
			1,716,050	(717,549)	998,501
			738,514		738,514
	54,260		88,406	5,892	94,298
			183,558		183,558
298	121,746	30,693	273,465		273,465
	1,636		105,120	137,329	242,449
<u>\$ 298</u>	<u>\$ 5,246,835</u>	<u>\$ 30,693</u>	<u>\$ 12,392,021</u>	<u>\$ (1,394,684)</u>	<u>\$ 10,997,337</u>
\$	\$ 18,310	\$ 30,770	\$ 446,720		\$ 446,720
	92,114		708,991		708,991
			808,663	(808,663)	
			717,549	(717,549)	
			423,100		423,100
			977,480		977,480
			1,304,181		1,304,181
			266,778		266,778
				1,955,078	1,955,078
165	10,128	260	478,301		478,301
315,560		4,444,291	5,644,371	(5,644,371)	
				3,526,280	3,526,280
	2,605,000		2,605,000	(2,605,000)	
	1,900,009	1,355,148	3,255,157	33,170	3,288,327
		60,536	60,536		60,536
	115,844	1,005,191	1,121,035		1,121,035
	33,000		33,000	(33,000)	
<u>\$ 315,725</u>	<u>\$ 4,774,405</u>	<u>\$ 6,896,196</u>	<u>\$ 18,850,862</u>	<u>\$ (4,294,055)</u>	<u>\$ 14,556,807</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF**  
**REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue Fund - Water Facilities</u>	<u>Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Operating</u>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES</b>	\$ 249,659	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In (Out)	\$	\$	\$
Long-Term Debt Issued			
Refunding Bonds			
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent			
Bond Discount			
Bond Premium			
Contribution from Other Governmental Entity	72,484		
<b>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	\$ 72,484	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	\$ 322,143		\$
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>			
<b>FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - JULY 1, 2018</b>	5,884,779		
<b>FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2019</b>	\$ 6,206,922	\$ -0-	\$ -0-

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Construction	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
\$ (315,427)	\$ 472,430	\$ (6,865,503)	\$ (6,458,841)	\$ 2,899,371	\$ (3,559,470)
\$ 28,428	\$	\$ (28,428)	\$	\$	\$
		13,310,000	13,310,000	(13,310,000)	
	1,880,000		1,880,000	(1,880,000)	
	(1,734,436)		(1,734,436)	1,734,436	
	(21,888)		(21,888)	21,888	
		11,994	11,994	(11,994)	
64,845			137,329	(137,329)	
\$ 93,273	\$ 123,676	\$ 13,293,566	\$ 13,582,999	\$ (13,582,999)	\$ -0-
\$ (222,154)	\$ 596,106	\$ 6,428,063	\$ 7,124,158	\$ (7,124,158)	\$
				(3,559,470)	(3,559,470)
222,154	6,938,097	(4,414,611)	8,630,419	(25,573,293)	(16,942,874)
\$ -0-	\$ 7,534,203	\$ 2,013,452	\$ 15,754,577	\$ (36,256,921)	\$ (20,502,344)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF**  
**REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,124,158
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report tax revenues when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded in the accounting period for which the taxes are levied.	(11,693)
Governmental funds report penalty and interest revenue on property taxes when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded when penalties and interest are assessed.	5,892
Governmental funds do not account for depreciation. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are depreciated and depreciation expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities.	(1,955,078)
Governmental funds report capital expenditures as expenditures in the period purchased. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are increased by new purchases and the Statement of Activities is not affected.	5,644,371
Governmental funds report bond discounts as other financing uses in the year paid and bond premiums as other financing sources in the year received. However, in the Statement of Net Position, the bond discounts and bond premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds and the current year amortized portion is recorded in the Statement of Activities.	9,894
Assets conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as expenses in the Statement of Activities.	(3,526,280)
Governmental funds report bond principal payments as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, bond principal payments are reported as decreases in long-term liabilities.	2,605,000
Governmental funds report interest expenditures on long-term debt as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Net Position, interest is accrued on the long-term debt through fiscal year-end.	(33,170)

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133  
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF  
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

Governmental funds report bond proceeds as other financing sources. However,  
issued bonds increase liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. (15,190,000)

Governmental funds report the payment to the refunded bond escrow agent as an  
other financing use. However, the refunding of outstanding bonds decreases long-  
term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. 1,767,436

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ (3,559,470)

The accompanying notes to the financial  
statements are an integral part of this report.

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 1. CREATION OF DISTRICT**

Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 (the “District”) was created by an Order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the “Commission”) on November 12, 2003. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, the District is empowered to purchase, operate and maintain all facilities, plants, and improvements necessary to provide water, sanitary sewer service, storm sewer drainage, irrigation, construct roads, provide solid waste collection and disposal, including recycling, and to construct parks and recreational facilities for the residents of the District. The District is also empowered to contract for or employ its own peace officers with powers to make arrests and, if approved by the District’s voters and the Commission, to establish, operate and maintain a fire department to perform all fire-fighting activities within the District. The Board of Directors held its organizational meeting on June 15, 2004, and the first bonds were issued on March 26, 2009.

**NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”). In addition, the accounting records of the District are maintained generally in accordance with the *Water District Financial Management Guide* published by the Commission.

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected board. GASB has established the criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District’s financial statement as component units. The District participates in joint ventures for the operation of water and wastewater facilities. Since the District exercises oversight responsibility of the respective facilities, the joint ventures are accounted for in Special Revenue Funds of the District. See Note 10 for additional disclosure.

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting (“GASB Codification”).

The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 2.      SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

- Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The District's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The District is viewed as a special-purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Any amounts recorded due to and due from other funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any, are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

As discussed above, the District's fund financial statements are combined with the government-wide statements. The fund statements include a Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 2.      SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District has six governmental funds and considers these funds to be major funds.

General Fund - To account for resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, customer service revenues, costs and general expenditures.

Special Revenue Fund - Water Facilities - To account for the operating activities related to the joint water facilities shared with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132.

Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Operating - To account for the operating activities related to the joint wastewater facilities shared with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132.

Special Revenue Fund - Wastewater Facilities Construction – To account for the construction activities related to the joint wastewater facilities shared with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132. This fund was closed as of the end of this fiscal year.

Debt Service Fund - To account for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond debt and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

Capital Projects Fund - To account for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of District facilities and related costs.

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both “measurable and available.” Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenue reported in governmental funds to be available if they are collectable within 60 days after year end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Property taxes considered available by the District and included in revenue include taxes collected during the year and taxes collected after year-end, which were considered available to defray the expenditures of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are those taxes which the District does not reasonably expect to be collected soon enough in the subsequent period to finance current expenditures.

Amounts transferred from one fund to another fund are reported as other financing sources or uses. Loans by one fund to another fund and amounts paid by one fund for another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet if there

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 2.      SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

is intent to repay the amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. As of June 30, 2019, the Debt Service Fund owed the General Fund \$13,578 for maintenance tax collections; the General Fund owed the Debt Service Fund \$869 for an excess reimbursement of bond issuance costs; the General Fund owed the Capital Projects Fund \$10,949 for construction costs; the General Fund owed the Special Revenue Fund – Water Facilities \$81,035 for water service; and the General Fund owed the Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Operating \$16,250 for wastewater service. During the current fiscal year, the Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Construction transferred \$28,428 to the Capital Projects Fund to reimburse construction costs.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund incurred and as an expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital asset additions, improvements and preservation costs that extend the life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Engineering fees and certain other costs are capitalized as part of the asset.

The District chose to early implement GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. Interest costs will no longer be capitalized as part of the asset but will be shown as an expenditure in the fund financial statements and as an expense in the government-wide financial statements.

Assets are capitalized, including infrastructure assets, if they have an original cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life over two years. Depreciation is calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method of depreciation. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Water System	10-45
Wastewater System	10-45
Storm Drainage System	10-45
All Other Equipment	3-20

Budgeting

In compliance with governmental accounting principles, the Board of Directors annually adopts an unappropriated budget for the General Fund. The budget was amended during the year ended June 30, 2019.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 2.      SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Pensions

The District has not established a pension plan as the District does not have employees. The Internal Revenue Service has determined that fees of office received by Directors are considered to be wages subject to federal income tax withholding for payroll tax purposes only.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources. Operating statements of governmental fund types report increases and decreases in available spendable resources. Fund balances in governmental funds are classified using the following hierarchy:

*Nonspendable:* amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted:* amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.

*Committed:* amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

*Assigned:* amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

*Unassigned:* all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of transactions regarding bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2019
Bonds Payable	\$ 58,465,000	\$ 15,190,000	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 69,300,000
Unamortized Discounts	(350,820)	(21,888)	(57,259)	(315,449)
Unamortized Premiums		11,994	107	11,887
Total Bonds Payable, Net	<u>\$ 58,114,180</u>	<u>\$ 15,180,106</u>	<u>\$ 4,297,848</u>	<u>\$ 68,996,438</u>
		Amount Due Within One Year		\$ 2,380,000
		Amount Due After One Year		<u>66,616,438</u>
		Total Bonds Payable, Net		<u>\$ 68,996,438</u>

The District's bonds payable at June 30, 2019, consists of the following unlimited tax bonds:

	Series 2010	Series 2011	Series 2012	Series 2012A
Amount Outstanding – June 30, 2019	\$65,000	\$1,850,000	\$1,865,000	\$2,300,000
Interest Rates	4.00%	4.00% - 5.125%	3.00% - 4.25%	2.50% - 3.875%
Maturity Date	September 1, 2019	September 1, 2019/2036	September 1, 2019/2036	September 1, 2019/2037
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable Dates	September 1, 2018 (1)	September 1, 2019 (1)	September 1, 2020 (1)	September 1, 2020 (1)

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

	<u>Series 2013</u>	<u>Series 2014</u>	<u>Series 2015</u>	<u>Refunding Series 2016</u>	<u>Series 2016</u>
Amount Outstanding – June 30, 2019	\$1,185,000	\$11,090,000	\$10,300,000	\$6,755,000	\$4,200,000
Interest Rates	3.00% - 5.00%	2.00% - 4.00%	2.00% - 3.75%	2.00% - 3.50%	2.00% - 3.125%
Maturity Date	September 1, 2019/2037	September 1, 2019/2038	September 1, 2019/2039	September 1, 2019/2034	September 1, 2019/2039
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable Dates	September 1, 2021 (1)	September 1, 2022 (1)	September 1, 2023 (1)	September 1, 2023 (1)	September 1, 2023 (1)
	<u>Series 2017</u>	<u>Series 2018</u>	<u>Series 2019</u>	<u>Refunding Series 2019A</u>	
Amount Outstanding – June 30, 2019	\$14,500,000	\$10,400,000	\$2,910,000	\$1,880,000	
Interest Rates	2.00% - 3.50%	3.00% - 4.00%	2.00% - 3.375%	2.00% - 3.00%	
Maturity Date	September 1, 2019/2040	September 1, 2020/2041	September 1, 2020/2042	September 1, 2020/2035	
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	
Callable Dates	September 1, 2024 (1)	September 1, 2024 (1)	September 1, 2024 (1)	September 1, 2024 (1)	

- (1) Or on any date thereafter, at par plus unpaid accrued interest to the date of redemption in whole or in part at the option of the District. Series 2011 term bonds due September 1, 2036 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2031. Series 2012 term bonds due September 1, 2032, and September 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2029, and September 1, 2033, respectively. Series 2012A term bonds due September 1, 2037, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2033. Series 2013 term bonds due September 1, 2025, September 1, 2029, September 1, 2033, and September 1, 2037, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2022, September 1, 2026, September 1, 2030, and September 1, 2034, respectively. Series 2015 term bonds due September 1, 2035, September 1, 2037, and September 1, 2039, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2034, September 1, 2036, and September 1, 2038, respectively. Series 2016 Refunding term bonds due September 1, 2028 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2027. Series 2016 term bonds due September 1, 2032, September 1, 2037, and September 1, 2039, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2031, September 1, 2036, and September 1, 2038, respectively. Series 2018 term bonds due September 1, 2036 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2034. Series 2019 term bonds due September 1, 2036, September 1, 2038, September 1, 2040, and September 1, 2042, are subject to mandatory redemption beginning in September 1, 2035, September 1, 2037, September 1, 2039, and September 1, 2041, respectively. Series 2019A Refunding term bonds due September 1, 2029 are subject to mandatory redemption beginning September 1, 2028.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2019, the debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 2,159,081	\$ 4,539,081
2021	4,070,000	2,099,418	6,169,418
2022	2,980,000	2,006,863	4,986,863
2023	3,005,000	1,930,364	4,935,364
2024	3,050,000	1,852,632	4,902,632
2025-2029	15,920,000	7,933,185	23,853,185
2030-2034	17,180,000	5,312,086	22,492,086
2035-2039	16,765,000	2,234,943	18,999,943
2040-2043	3,950,000	174,375	4,124,375
	<u>\$ 69,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,702,947</u>	<u>\$ 95,002,947</u>

As of June 30, 2019, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$56,925,000 for water, sanitary sewer and drainage facilities; authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$73,570,000 for refunding bonds; authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$12,000,000 for recreational facilities and authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$25,040,000 for road facilities and refunding road bonds.

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property subject to taxation within the District, without limitation as to rate or amount.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District levied an ad valorem water, sewer and drainage debt service tax of \$0.7879 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$4,251,021 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$539,538,129 for the 2018 tax year. The Bond Resolutions for bonds issued for water, sewer and drainage facilities require the District to levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on such bonds when due and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District levied an ad valorem road debt service tax of \$0.1521 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$820,637 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$539,538,129 for the 2018 tax year. The Bond Resolutions for bonds issued for road facilities require the District to levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on such bonds when due and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. See Note 7 for the maintenance tax levy.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)**

The District's tax calendar is as follows:

Levy Date	-	October 1, as soon thereafter as practicable.
Lien Date	-	January 1.
Due Date	-	Not later than January 31.
Delinquent Date	-	February 1, at which time the taxpayer is liable for penalty and interest.

**NOTE 4. SIGNIFICANT BOND RESOLUTIONS AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS**

- A. The bond resolutions state that any profits realized from or interest accruing on investments shall belong to the fund from which the monies for such investments were taken; provided, however, that at the discretion of the Board of Directors, the profits realized from and interest accruing on investments made from any fund may be transferred to the Debt Service Fund.
- B. The District is required by the Securities and Exchange Commission to provide continuing disclosure of certain general financial information and operating data with respect to the District to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. This information, along with the audited annual financial statements, is to be provided within six months after the end of each fiscal year and shall continue to be provided through the life of the bonds.
- C. In the bond resolutions, the District has covenanted that it will take all necessary steps to comply with the requirement that rebatable arbitrage earnings on the investment of the gross proceeds of the Bonds, within the meaning of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, be rebated to the federal government. The minimum requirement for determination of the rebatable amount is on the five year anniversary of each use.

**NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Deposits (Continued)

Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the District, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,924,874 and the bank balance was \$2,091,213. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk at year-end.

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019, as listed below:

	<u>Cash</u>
GENERAL FUND	\$ 557,320
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - WATER	73,705
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - WASTEWATER OPERATING	93,250
DEBT SERVICE FUND	419,339
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	<u>781,260</u>
TOTAL DEPOSITS	<u>\$ 1,924,874</u>

Investments

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all District funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the District's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investments if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity, fourth; diversification of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. The District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the guidelines by which it may invest. This policy is reviewed annually. The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Investments (Continued)

The District invests in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (“TexSTAR”), an external public funds investment pool that is not SEC-registered. J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. provides investment management and FirstSouthwest, a division of Hilltop Securities Inc., provides participant services and marketing under an agreement with the TexSTAR Board of Directors. Custodial, fund accounting and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investors Services Co. Investments held by TexSTAR are marked to market daily. The investments are considered to be Level 1 investments because their fair value is measured by quoted prices in active markets. The fair value of the District’s position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from TexSTAR.

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Fund and Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturities of Less Than 1 Year
<u>GENERAL FUND</u>		
TexSTAR	\$ 5,929,561	\$ 5,929,561
<u>DEBT SERVICE FUND</u>		
TexSTAR	7,130,543	7,130,543
<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND</u>		
TexSTAR	<u>1,226,535</u>	<u>1,226,535</u>
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	<u>\$ 14,286,639</u>	<u>\$ 14,286,639</u>

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2019, the District’s investments in TexSTAR were rated “AAAm” by Standard and Poor’s.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District considers its investments in TexSTAR to have a maturity of less than one year due to the fact the share positions can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the District, unless there has been a significant change in value.

Restrictions

All cash and investments of the Special Revenue Funds are restricted for the water plant and wastewater treatment plant operations and construction activity. All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for payment of debt service and cost of assessing and collecting taxes. All cash and investments of the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for the purchase of capital assets.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019
<b>Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated</b>				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 1,791,517			\$ 1,791,517
Construction in Progress	<u>1,110,661</u>	<u>4,966,385</u>	<u>5,993,846</u>	<u>83,200</u>
<b>Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated</b>	<u>\$ 2,902,178</u>	<u>\$ 4,966,385</u>	<u>\$ 5,993,846</u>	<u>\$ 1,874,717</u>
<b>Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation</b>				
Landscaping and Other Improvements	\$ 6,667,126	\$ 103,212		\$ 6,770,338
Water System	12,079,974	291,534		12,371,508
Wastewater System	17,804,035	1,789,579		19,593,614
Drainage System	29,822,217	3,565,578		33,387,795
Investment in Drainage Capacity	<u>444,454</u>	<u>243,943</u>		<u>688,397</u>
<b>Total Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation</b>	<u>\$ 66,817,806</u>	<u>\$ 5,993,846</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 72,811,652</u>
<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>				
Landscaping and Other Improvements	\$ 3,297,540	\$ 307,422		\$ 3,604,962
Water System	2,890,742	409,801		3,300,543
Wastewater System	2,552,949	475,595		3,028,544
Drainage System	4,193,037	735,397		4,928,434
Investment in Drainage Capacity	<u>105,783</u>	<u>26,863</u>		<u>132,646</u>
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<u>\$ 13,040,051</u>	<u>\$ 1,955,078</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 14,995,129</u>
<b>Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<u>\$ 53,777,755</u>	<u>\$ 4,038,768</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 57,816,523</u>
<b>Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<u>\$ 56,679,933</u>	<u>\$ 9,005,153</u>	<u>\$ 5,993,846</u>	<u>\$ 59,691,240</u>

**NOTE 7. MAINTENANCE TAX**

On November 7, 2006, the voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. This maintenance tax is to be used by the General Fund to pay expenditures of operating the District's waterworks, wastewater, drainage and park systems.

On May 12, 2007, the voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a road maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. This maintenance tax is to be used by the General Fund to pay expenditures of maintaining the District's roads.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 7. MAINTENANCE TAX (Continued)**

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax of \$0.45 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$2,427,921 on the taxable valuation of \$539,538,129 for the 2018 tax year.

**NOTE 8. UNREIMBURSED COSTS**

The District has executed facilities and operating costs reimbursement agreements with Developers within the District. The agreements call for the Developers to fund costs associated with water, wastewater and drainage facilities and roads until such time as the District can sell bonds. The Due to Developer amount of \$27,212,505 was recorded in the Statement of Net Position for assets that were completed and accepted by the District for maintenance as of June 30, 2019. This amount is to be reimbursed from the proceeds of future bond issues to the extent approved by the Commission, as applicable, and the Attorney General.

The agreements also call for the Developers to fund operating costs of the District. As of fiscal year end, the Developers have advanced a total of \$585,411 to cover operating deficits. As of June 30, 2019, \$321,547 has been reimbursed leaving \$263,864 due to the Developers. This amount has been recorded in the Statement of Net Position as a Due to Developer.

**NOTE 9. OPERATING LEASE**

Interim Wastewater Treatment Plant

On March 27, 2006, the District entered into a 24-month lease agreement to lease an 160,000 gallon per day ("gpd") prepackaged wastewater treatment plant commencing on the first day of the month following substantial completion of the installation and start-up of the leased equipment. The plant became operational in December 2007. In May 2014, the Phase Two expansion of the plant was completed, increasing the plant's capacity to 265,000 gpd under the lease. The lease extends for successive 90-day periods unless the District gives notice of its intent to terminate the lease. Under the lease, the District is obligated to make lease payments in the amount of \$6,900 per month during the lease term. During the current fiscal year, the District paid \$65,900 in monthly lease payments.

On August 12, 2015, the District entered into a second lease agreement for the Phase Three expansion of the wastewater treatment plant, increasing the plant's capacity to 640,000 gpd. Such expansion was substantially complete in August 2016. The District is obligated to make lease payments in the amount of \$16,400 per month for 60 months beginning the month following substantial completion of the Phase Three expansion (the "Initial Term") pursuant to the terms of the second lease and in addition to the lease payments described in the previous paragraph. After expiration of the Initial Term, this second lease extends for successive 90-day periods unless the District gives notice of its intent to terminate the lease. During the current fiscal year, the District paid \$164,000 in monthly lease payments.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 9. OPERATING LEASE (Continued)**

Interim Wastewater Treatment Plant (Continued)

On April 12, 2017, the District entered into a third lease agreement for the Phase Four expansion of the wastewater treatment plant, increasing the plant's capacity to 1,015,000 gpd. Such expansion was substantially complete in March 2018. The District is obligated to make lease payments in the amount of \$16,100 per month for 60 months beginning the month following substantial completion of the Phase Four expansion (the "Initial Term") pursuant to the terms of the third lease and in addition to the lease payments described in the previous paragraphs. After expiration of the Initial Term, the third lease extends for successive 90-day periods unless the District gives notice of its intent to terminate the lease. In accordance with the third lease, the District paid the first and last month's lease payments in the total amount of \$32,200 in a previous fiscal year, which is recorded in the Special Revenue Fund – Wastewater Facilities Operation as prepaid cost. During the current fiscal year, the District paid \$193,200 in monthly lease payments.

**NOTE 10. CONTRACTS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES**

Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132

On March 8, 2005, the District entered into a contract with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 132 ("District No. 132"), which was amended effective May 22, 2007, for the purpose of sharing the cost to provide interim and permanent wastewater treatment capacity and the cost of certain roads and road-related facilities to serve property in both districts.

Effective July 20, 2016, the District and District No. 132 entered into a new contract that replaces the previous agreement and specifies the terms and conditions under which the districts agree to share the costs related to wastewater treatment facilities and certain road and road-related facilities. Pursuant to the terms of the new contract, the District will expand, operate, and maintain its wastewater treatment plant to provide wastewater treatment capacity to the District and District No. 132. Each district will contribute its pro rata share of the costs to provide such capacity. Further, each district will contribute its pro rata share of the costs to operate and maintain certain road and road-related facilities. The districts each have been required to fund an operating reserve of \$50,000. During the current fiscal year, the District recorded an expenditure of \$717,549 in accordance with this agreement.

The District and District No. 132 have also entered in to two other agreements (each effective July 20, 2016): (1) an agreement pursuant to which District No. 132 purchases capacity in the District's water plant to serve a limited portion of land within District No. 132; and (2) an agreement pursuant to which the districts share the cost of the design and construction of an extension to a road that benefits both districts. As to the water agreement, the districts each have been required to fund an operating reserve which is currently \$39,054 for each district. During the current fiscal year, the District recorded an expenditure of \$808,663 in accordance with this contract.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 10. CONTRACTS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES (Continued)**

Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 12

On May 22, 2007, and on various occasions thereafter, the District has entered into contracts with Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 12 ("LID 12") for the purpose of utilizing the outfall improvements to Clodine Ditch and Long Point Slough constructed by LID 12. The District agrees to purchase capacity in the outfall improvements at \$1,100 per acre of property to be developed. On May 22, 2007, the District paid \$212,555 for 193.232 acres. On December 31, 2007, the District paid \$41,492 for 37.768 acres. During the 2009 fiscal year, the District paid \$8,830 for outfall improvements for two properties totaling 8.027 acres. During the 2011 fiscal year, a developer within the District paid \$39,049 on the District's behalf for outfall improvements for three properties totaling 35.499 acres. On May 1, 2012, a developer within the District paid \$89,142 on the District's behalf for outfall improvements for five properties totaling 81.038 acres. During the 2013 fiscal year, a developer within the District paid \$15,760 on the District's behalf for outfall improvements for four properties totaling 14.327 acres. During the 2016 fiscal year, a developer within the District paid \$18,323 on the District's behalf for outfall improvements for four properties totaling 33.314 acres. During the 2018 fiscal year, developers within the District paid \$55,875 on the District's behalf for outfall improvements for four properties totaling 50.795 acres. During the current fiscal year, developers and landowners within the District paid \$32,701 on the District's behalf for outfall improvements for four properties totaling 29.728 acres.

The District also agrees to pay its pro rata share of actual costs incurred by LID 12 for maintenance of the outfall improvements. LID 12 has had no such actual maintenance costs, as the outfall improvements are being maintained by Fort Bend County Drainage District. However, at such time as LID 12 begins incurring maintenance costs, LID 12 will begin invoicing the District and other participants for their share of these costs.

LID 12 has agreed to accommodate drainage of 89.5 acres of land which lies outside the Long Point Slough watershed, due to extreme difficulty of the District to attain drainage for this portion of the development. The District agreed to purchase capacity in the outfall improvements for these 89.5 acres. The District applied to the Commission for issuance of bonds to finance this and other projects. The Commission approved this purchase of capacity during a prior fiscal year.

Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 50

On May 1, 2006, the District executed an emergency interconnect and interim water supply contract with Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 50 ("District No. 50"). The contract provides for the District to receive 150 equivalent single-family connections per day of interim water supply for a period of 18 months after District No. 50 constructs water production improvements to its facilities, during which time the District will be constructing its water production facilities; and provide water during emergency situations. On May 30, 2008, the District terminated service for interim water effective June 28, 2008. The interconnect, however, may still be used to provide water during emergencies.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 10.     CONTRACTS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES (Continued)**

Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 50

The District will design and install, at its expense, the connection facilities. The Districts reserve the right to install a meter and meter vault at the point of connection at any time. The district choosing to exercise this option will pay all costs for the design, construction, and maintenance of such facilities. Except for the meter each district will share equally any and all maintenance and repair costs associated with the point of connection. The District will own the interconnect facilities for the benefit of both districts, however, the District will have the right to convey to District No. 50 the water line, which, District No. 50 will accept for ownership and maintenance. The rate for emergency water will be \$0.80 per one thousand gallons of average daily use for the number of days water is received. For the purposes of this agreement, average daily use will be determined by calculating the total number of gallons pumped at the receiving district's water plant facilities during the 30 days immediately preceding the date that district began receiving water from the supplying district and dividing by thirty. In addition, any fees charged by the North Fort Bend Water Authority will be passed through to the receiving district. The term of this agreement is for 50 years.

**NOTE 11.     RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, error and omission and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage and no settlements have exceeded coverage in the past three years.

**NOTE 12.     NORTH FORT BEND WATER AUTHORITY**

The District is located within the boundaries of the North Fort Bend Water Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority was created under Article 16, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution by House Bill 3482 (the "Act"), as passed by the 79<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, in 2005. The Act empowers the Authority for purposes including the acquisition and provision of surface water and groundwater for residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, and other uses, the reduction of groundwater withdrawals, the conservation, preservation, protection, recharge, and prevention of waste of groundwater, and of groundwater reservoirs or their subdivisions, and the control of subsidence caused by withdrawal of water from those groundwater reservoirs or their subdivisions.

The Authority is responsible for overseeing that its participants comply with subsidence district pumpage requirements. The District is required, if deemed necessary by the Authority, to convert its water supply to surface water over a period of time. A seven-member board of directors governs the Authority. The directors serve staggered four-year terms that expire May 15 of even-numbered years. Each director must qualify to serve as director in the manner provided by the Act.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE 12. NORTH FORT BEND WATER AUTHORITY (Continued)**

The Authority charges a fee, based on the amount of water pumped from a well, to the owners of wells located within the boundaries of the Authority, unless exempted. The current fee is \$3.65 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from each well. In the current fiscal year, the District paid \$327,439 in fees to the Authority.

The Authority also charges a fee to those purchasing surface water. During a prior fiscal year, the District began construction of a water plant disinfection system in preparation for processing surface water. The District's reimbursable costs were \$292,625. The project has been completed. During the current fiscal year, the District purchased surface water from the Authority. The current rate is \$4.00 per 1,000 gallons of water received. In the current fiscal year, the District paid \$650,041 for purchased water.

**NOTE 13. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT**

Effective November 16, 2012, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement with the City of Houston, Texas (the "City"), which was subsequently amended and restated effective June 8, 2015, December 10, 2015, and December 31, 2018, (the "Agreement"). Under the Agreement and in accordance with Subchapter F of Chapter 43 of the Local Government Code and Act, the City annexed a tract of land, as amended, (the "Subject Tract") for limited purposes.

In accordance with the Agreement, the District is authorized to exercise all powers and functions of a municipal utility district provided by law, including, without limiting the foregoing, the power to incur additional debts, liabilities, or obligations, to construct additional utility facilities, or to contract with others for the provision and operation thereof, or to sell or otherwise transfer property without prior approval of the City. The District will continue to develop, own and to operate and maintain a water, wastewater and drainage system within the District.

The District shall not be liable for any present or future debts of the City, and current and future ad valorem taxes levied by the City will not be levied on taxable property within the District.

The City imposed a Sales and Use Tax within the boundaries of the Subject Tract. The Sales and Use Tax shall be imposed on the receipts from the sale and use at retail of taxable items at the rate of one percent or the rate specified under the future amendments of Chapter 321 of the Tax Code. The City agrees to pay to the District an amount equal to one-half of all Sales and Use Tax revenues generated within the boundaries of the Subject Tract. The City agrees to deliver to the District its share of the sales tax receipts within 30 days of the City receiving the funds from the State Comptroller's office.

The term of this Agreement is 30 years from November 16, 2012, unless terminated on an earlier date pursuant to other provisions or by express written agreement executed by the City and the District. The District did not record any revenues in relation to this Agreement during the current fiscal year.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

**NOTE. 14. BOND SALES**

On December 18, 2018, the District issued \$10,400,000 of Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018. Proceeds from the bond sale were used to reimburse a developer for a portion of the costs associated with construction and engineering for water, wastewater and drainage facilities to serve Lakes of Bella Terra, Sections 10, 11, 21, 22, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34; storm sewer inlets and paving systems serving Lakes of Bella Terra Katy Gaston Road and San Marino Cove and storm sewer and paving systems along Katy Gaston Road phase IV from Bella Tera Parkway to HL&P easement serving Lakes of Bella Terra; detention and earth movement, Phase V; to redeem the Series 2018 Bond Anticipation Note (the “BAN”); and to pay for issuance costs of the bonds and BAN.

On April 16, 2019, the District issued \$2,910,000 of Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019. Proceeds from the bond sale were used to reimburse a developer for construction and engineering costs for paving for Rancho Bella Parkway, Phase 4, Via Mazzini Way, Section 2 and Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 3; landscaping within rights-of-way and medians for Rancho Bella, Phase 4 and Rancho Bella main entry; land costs; and to pay for issuance costs of the bonds.

On May 9, 2019, the District issued \$1,880,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A to refund a portion of the Series 2010 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$1,734,436 and \$33,000 of available Debt Service Fund monies were used to call \$1,750,000 of the Series 2010 Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The effect of the refunding decreased total debt service by \$231,299 and obtained net present value savings of \$169,550.

**NOTE. 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT – BOND SALE AND USE OF SURPLUS FUNDS**

On September 17, 2019, subsequent to fiscal year-end, the District issued \$5,135,000 of Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019B. Proceeds from the bond sale and the use of \$450,000 of surplus funds were used to reimburse developers for construction and engineering costs for water, wastewater and drainage facilities to serve Lakes of Bella Terra, Sections 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 and 38 and Lakes of Bella Terra West, Section 1; mass grading for Lakes of Bella Terra West, Phase 1; Fort Bend County LID 12 outfall drainage capacity payments; developer advances for operating costs; and to pay for issuance costs of the bonds.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**JUNE 30, 2019**



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,375,000	\$ 2,427,532	\$ 52,532
Water Service	775,000	775,000	734,888	(40,112)
Wastewater Service	750,000	750,000	794,332	44,332
Water Authority Assessment Fee	680,000	680,000	738,514	58,514
Penalty and Interest	20,000	20,000	34,146	14,146
Tap Connection and Inspection Fees	210,000	210,000	183,558	(26,442)
Investment Revenues	30,000	30,000	120,343	90,343
Miscellaneous Revenues	<u>45,000</u>	<u>45,000</u>	<u>74,913</u>	<u>29,913</u>
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>\$ 4,710,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,885,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,108,226</u>	<u>\$ 223,226</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Services Operations:				
Professional Fees	\$ 299,500	\$ 299,500	\$ 373,444	\$ (73,944)
Contracted Services	598,500	598,500	560,628	37,872
Purchased Water Service	776,305	776,305	808,663	(32,358)
Purchased Wastewater Service	754,670	754,670	717,549	37,121
Water Authority Surface Water/Assessment	180,000	180,000	85,088	94,912
Repairs and Maintenance	735,000	825,000	1,063,752	(238,752)
Utilities	102,000	102,000	100,923	1,077
Other	224,738	224,738	264,000	(39,262)
Capital Outlay	<u>                    </u>	<u>1,145,000</u>	<u>884,520</u>	<u>260,480</u>
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 3,670,713</u>	<u>\$ 4,905,713</u>	<u>\$ 4,858,567</u>	<u>\$ 47,146</u>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 1,039,287</u>	<u>\$ (20,713)</u>	<u>\$ 249,659</u>	<u>\$ 270,372</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)</b>				
Contribution from Other Governmental Entity	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 72,484</u>	<u>\$ 72,484</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	\$ 1,039,287	\$ (20,713)	\$ 322,143	\$ 342,856
<b>FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018</b>	<u>5,884,779</u>	<u>5,884,779</u>	<u>5,884,779</u>	<u>                    </u>
<b>FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019</b>	<u>\$ 6,924,066</u>	<u>\$ 5,864,066</u>	<u>\$ 6,206,922</u>	<u>\$ 342,856</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -**  
**SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – WATER FACILITIES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Water Service	\$ 913,300	\$ 1,055,295	\$ 141,995
Investment Revenues		213	213
Miscellaneous Revenues		28,571	28,571
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>\$ 913,300</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,079</u>	<u>\$ 170,779</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Services Operations:			
Professional Fees	\$ 18,500	\$ 10,957	\$ 7,543
Contracted Services	21,000	21,000	
Water Authority Surface Water/Assessment	700,000	892,392	(192,392)
Repairs and Maintenance	110,300	91,955	18,345
Utilities	40,000	43,160	(3,160)
Other	23,500	24,615	(1,115)
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 913,300</u>	<u>\$ 1,084,079</u>	<u>\$ (170,779)</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
<b>FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018</b>	_____	_____	_____
<b>FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019</b>	<u><u>\$ -0-</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -0-</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -0-</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -**  
**SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – WASTEWATER FACILITIES OPERATING**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Wastewater Service	\$ 1,078,100	\$ 921,718	\$ (156,382)
Investment Revenues	<u>100</u>	<u>172</u>	<u>72</u>
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>\$ 1,078,200</u>	<u>\$ 921,890</u>	<u>\$ (156,310)</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Services Operations:			
Professional Fees	\$ 26,500	\$ 13,239	\$ 13,261
Contracted Services	31,000	35,249	(4,249)
Lease Costs	472,800	423,100	49,700
Repairs and Maintenance	232,000	148,474	83,526
Utilities	113,200	122,695	(9,495)
Other	<u>202,700</u>	<u>179,133</u>	<u>23,567</u>
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 1,078,200</u>	<u>\$ 921,890</u>	<u>\$ 156,310</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
<b>FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018</b>	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b>FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019</b>	<u><u>\$ -0-</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -0-</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -0-</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE  
WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE**

**JUNE 30, 2019**



**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**1. SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE DISTRICT DURING THE FISCAL YEAR:**

<u>  X  </u>	Retail Water	<u>      </u>	Wholesale Water	<u>  X  </u>	Drainage
<u>  X  </u>	Retail Wastewater	<u>      </u>	Wholesale Wastewater	<u>      </u>	Irrigation
<u>  X  </u>	Parks/Recreation	<u>      </u>	Fire Protection	<u>      </u>	Security
<u>  X  </u>	Solid Waste/Garbage	<u>      </u>	Flood Control	<u>  X  </u>	Roads
<u>      </u>	Participates in joint venture, regional system and/or wastewater service (other than				
<u>  X  </u>	emergency interconnect)				
<u>      </u>	Other (specify):				

## 2. RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS

**a. RETAIL RATES FOR A 5/8" METER (OR EQUIVALENT):**

Based on the rate order approved on November 14, 2018.

	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per 1,000 Gallons over Minimum Use	Usage Levels
WATER:	\$17.25	5,000	N	\$ 2.70	5,001 to 10,000
				\$ 3.00	10,001 to 20,000
				\$ 3.15	20,001 to 50,000
				\$ 3.30	50,001 to 75,000
				\$ 3.60	75,001 and up
WASTEWATER:	\$32.25	5,000	N	\$2.25	5,001 and up
SURCHARGE:					
Regional Water Authority	\$ 4.00 per 1,000 gallons + 10%				

District employs winter averaging for wastewater usage?

X	
Yes	No

Total monthly charges per 10,000 gallons usage: Water: \$30.75 Wastewater: \$43.50 Surcharge: \$44.00.

Note: Services above include providing for regulatory assessment, for garbage collection, recycling and disposal services.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**SERVICES AND RATES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**2. RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS (Continued)**

**b. WATER AND WASTEWATER RETAIL CONNECTIONS: (Unaudited)**

<u>Meter Size</u>	<u>Total Connections</u>	<u>Active Connections</u>	<u>ESFC Factor</u>	<u>Active ESFCs</u>
Unmetered			x 1.0	
≤¾"	<u>1,688</u>	<u>1,676</u>	x 1.0	<u>1,676</u>
1"	<u>155</u>	<u>154</u>	x 2.5	<u>385</u>
1½"	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	x 5.0	<u>10</u>
2"	<u>17</u>	<u>17</u>	x 8.0	<u>136</u>
3"			x 15.0	
4"	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	x 25.0	<u>25</u>
6"			x 50.0	
8"	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	x 80.0	<u>160</u>
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water Connections	<u>1,865</u>	<u>1,852</u>		<u>2,392</u>
Total Wastewater Connections	<u>1,807</u>	<u>1,794</u>	x 1.0	<u>1,794</u>

**3. TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST THOUSAND: (Unaudited)**

Gallons pumped into system:	69,692,000	Water Accountability Ratio: 92.9% (Gallons billed/Gallons pumped and purchased)
Gallons billed to customers:	182,346,000	
Gallons purchased:	168,778,000	From: North Fort Bend Water Authority
Gallons sold:	39,087,000	To: Fort Bend County MUD No.50 and Fort Bend County MUD No.132

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**SERVICES AND RATES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

**4. STANDBY FEES** (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):

Does the District have Debt Service standby fees? Yes ☐ No ☒

Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standby fees? Yes ☐ No ☒

**5. LOCATION OF DISTRICT:**

Is the District located entirely within one county?

Yes ☒ No ☐

County in which District is located:

Fort Bend County, Texas

Is the District located within a city?

Entirely ☐ Partly ☐ Not at all ☒

Is the District located within a city's extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ)?

Entirely ☒ Partly ☐ Not at all ☐

ETJ in which District is located:

City of Houston, Texas.

Are Board Members appointed by an office outside the District?

Yes ☐ No ☒

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

PROFESSIONAL FEES:

Auditing	\$ 15,750
Engineering	115,515
Legal	<u>242,179</u>

TOTAL PROFESSIONAL FEES	<u>\$ 373,444</u>
-------------------------	-------------------

PURCHASED SERVICES FOR RESALE:

Purchased Water Service	\$ 808,663
Purchased Wastewater Service	<u>717,549</u>

TOTAL PURCHASED SERVICES FOR RESALE	<u>\$ 1,526,212</u>
-------------------------------------	---------------------

CONTRACTED SERVICES:

Bookkeeping	\$ 21,769
Operations and Billing	<u>61,358</u>

TOTAL CONTRACTED SERVICES	<u>\$ 83,127</u>
---------------------------	------------------

UTILITIES - Electricity and Telephone	<u>\$ 100,923</u>
---------------------------------------	-------------------

REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	<u>\$ 1,063,752</u>
-------------------------	---------------------

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES:

Director Fees	\$ 17,100
Dues	650
Insurance	14,126
Office Supplies and Postage	36,463
Payroll Taxes	1,332
Travel and Meetings	6,580
Other	<u>4,742</u>

TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 80,993</u>
-----------------------------------	------------------

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

CAPITAL OUTLAY:	
Capitalized Assets	\$ 884,520
Expenditures Not Capitalized	<u>                    </u>
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	<u>\$ 884,520</u>
 TAP CONNECTIONS	 <u>\$ 84,822</u>
 SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL	 <u>\$ 302,524</u>
 SECURITY	 <u>\$ 174,977</u>
 OTHER EXPENDITURES:	
Inspection Fees	\$ 60,828
Laboratory Fees	14,818
Permit Fees	2,352
Reconnection Fees	12,840
Water Authority Assessment	85,088
Regulatory Assessment	<u>7,347</u>
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 183,273</u>
 TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 <u><u>\$ 4,858,567</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Identification or Certificate Number</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Balance at End of Year</u>	<u>Accrued Interest Receivable at End of Year</u>
<u>GENERAL FUND</u>					
TexSTAR	XXXX2220	Varies	Daily	\$ 5,929,561	\$ -0-
<u>DEBT SERVICE FUND</u>					
TexSTAR	XXXX5550	Varies	Daily	\$ 5,962,493	\$
TexSTAR	XXXX3330	Varies	Daily	1,168,050	
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUND				\$ 7,130,543	\$ -0-
<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND</u>					
TexSTAR	XXXX4440	Varies	Daily	\$ 1,226,535	\$
TOTAL - ALL FUNDS				\$ 14,286,639	\$ -0-

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	<u>Maintenance Tax</u>		<u>Road Debt Service Tax</u>		<u>Debt Service Tax</u>	
TAXES RECEIVABLE -						
JULY 1, 2018	\$ 48,867		\$ 18,845		\$ 74,964	
Adjustments to Beginning						
Balance	<u>(5,001)</u>	\$ 43,866	<u>(2,763)</u>	\$ 16,082	<u>(6,783)</u>	\$ 68,181
Original 2018 Tax Levy	\$2,421,184		\$ 818,360		\$ 4,239,226	
Adjustment to 2018 Tax Lev	<u>6,737</u>	<u>2,427,921</u>	<u>2,277</u>	<u>820,637</u>	<u>11,795</u>	<u>4,251,021</u>
TOTAL TO BE						
ACCOUNTED FOR		\$ 2,471,787		\$ 836,719		\$ 4,319,202
TAX COLLECTIONS:						
Prior Years	\$ 23,202		\$ 8,105		\$ 38,708	
Current Year	<u>2,404,330</u>	<u>2,427,532</u>	<u>812,664</u>	<u>820,769</u>	<u>4,209,716</u>	<u>4,248,424</u>
TAXES RECEIVABLE -						
JUNE 30, 2019		<u>\$ 44,255</u>		<u>\$ 15,950</u>		<u>\$ 70,778</u>
TAXES RECEIVABLE BY						
YEAR:						
2018		\$ 23,591		\$ 7,973		\$ 41,305
2017		4,446		1,699		7,193
2016		3,555		1,959		4,861
2015		2,005		735		3,111
2014		1,763		999		1,961
2013		1,603		1,195		1,496
2012		1,728		1,016		1,885
2011		1,649		374		2,394
2010		2,081				3,493
2009		<u>1,834</u>				<u>3,079</u>
TOTAL		<u>\$ 44,255</u>		<u>\$ 15,950</u>		<u>\$ 70,778</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
PROPERTY VALUATIONS:				
Land	\$ 123,513,449	\$ 112,014,890	\$ 103,727,410	\$ 88,777,200
Improvements	446,750,674	422,474,100	370,875,580	283,405,050
Personal Property	4,063,260	2,745,300	1,760,690	1,119,780
Exemptions	<u>(34,789,254)</u>	<u>(26,958,518)</u>	<u>(27,164,807)</u>	<u>(30,729,919)</u>
TOTAL PROPERTY VALUATIONS	<u>\$ 539,538,129</u>	<u>\$ 510,275,772</u>	<u>\$ 449,198,873</u>	<u>\$ 342,572,111</u>
TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION:				
Debt Service	\$ 0.7879	\$ 0.76039	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.76044
Road Debt Service	0.1521	0.17961	0.27	0.17956
Maintenance**	<u>0.4500</u>	<u>0.47000</u>	<u>0.49</u>	<u>0.49000</u>
TOTAL TAX RATES PER \$100 VALUATION	<u>\$ 1.3900</u>	<u>\$ 1.41000</u>	<u>\$ 1.43</u>	<u>\$ 1.43000</u>
ADJUSTED TAX LEVY*	<u>\$ 7,499,579</u>	<u>\$ 7,194,888</u>	<u>\$ 6,423,545</u>	<u>\$ 4,898,782</u>
PERCENTAGE OF TAXES COLLECTED TO TAXES LEVIED	<u>99.03 %</u>	<u>99.81 %</u>	<u>99.84 %</u>	<u>99.88 %</u>

\* Based upon the adjusted tax levy at the time of the audit for the fiscal year in which the tax was levied.

\*\* Maintenance Tax – Maximum tax rate of \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation approved by voters on November 7, 2006. The voters also approved a maximum \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation road maintenance tax on May 12, 2007.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 0			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 65,000	\$ 1,300	\$ 66,300
2021			
2022			
2023			
2024			
2025			
2026			
2027			
2028			
2029			
2030			
2031			
2032			
2033			
2034			
2035			
2036			
2037			
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 65,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,300</u>	<u>\$ 66,300</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 1			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 75,000	\$ 88,606	\$ 163,606
2021	75,000	85,559	160,559
2022	75,000	82,419	157,419
2023	75,000	79,194	154,194
2024	75,000	75,875	150,875
2025	75,000	72,462	147,462
2026	75,000	68,975	143,975
2027	75,000	65,412	140,412
2028	75,000	61,775	136,775
2029	75,000	58,063	133,063
2030	75,000	54,312	129,312
2031	75,000	50,562	125,562
2032	75,000	46,766	121,766
2033	75,000	42,922	117,922
2034	75,000	39,078	114,078
2035	75,000	35,234	110,234
2036	325,000	24,984	349,984
2037	325,000	8,328	333,328
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 1,850,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,040,526</u>	<u>\$ 2,890,526</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 2			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 100,000	\$ 72,262	\$ 172,262
2021	100,000	69,163	169,163
2022	100,000	65,862	165,862
2023	100,000	62,363	162,363
2024	100,000	58,662	158,662
2025	100,000	54,763	154,763
2026	100,000	50,762	150,762
2027	100,000	46,763	146,763
2028	100,000	42,762	142,762
2029	100,000	38,763	138,763
2030	100,000	34,637	134,637
2031	100,000	30,388	130,388
2032	100,000	26,137	126,137
2033	100,000	21,888	121,888
2034	100,000	17,637	117,637
2035	100,000	13,388	113,388
2036	100,000	9,137	109,137
2037	165,000	3,507	168,507
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 1,865,000</u>	<u>\$ 718,844</u>	<u>\$ 2,583,844</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 2 A			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 70,000	\$ 82,019	\$ 152,019
2021	70,000	80,181	150,181
2022	75,000	78,093	153,093
2023	80,000	75,768	155,768
2024	80,000	73,318	153,318
2025	85,000	70,687	155,687
2026	90,000	67,787	157,787
2027	95,000	64,606	159,606
2028	100,000	61,194	161,194
2029	100,000	57,631	157,631
2030	105,000	53,850	158,850
2031	110,000	49,819	159,819
2032	115,000	45,600	160,600
2033	120,000	41,194	161,194
2034	125,000	36,522	161,522
2035	130,000	31,582	161,582
2036	200,000	25,188	225,188
2037	250,000	16,469	266,469
2038	300,000	5,813	305,813
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 2,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,017,321</u>	<u>\$ 3,317,321</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 3			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 40,000	\$ 41,662	\$ 81,662
2021	45,000	39,538	84,538
2022	45,000	37,287	82,287
2023	45,000	35,487	80,487
2024	50,000	34,063	84,063
2025	50,000	32,562	82,562
2026	55,000	30,987	85,987
2027	55,000	29,269	84,269
2028	60,000	27,400	87,400
2029	60,000	25,450	85,450
2030	65,000	23,419	88,419
2031	65,000	21,225	86,225
2032	70,000	18,863	88,863
2033	70,000	16,413	86,413
2034	75,000	13,875	88,875
2035	80,000	11,062	91,062
2036	80,000	8,063	88,063
2037	85,000	4,969	89,969
2038	90,000	1,688	91,688
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 1,185,000</u>	<u>\$ 453,282</u>	<u>\$ 1,638,282</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 4			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 500,000	\$ 369,225	\$ 869,225
2021	500,000	359,225	859,225
2022	500,000	346,725	846,725
2023	500,000	331,725	831,725
2024	500,000	316,725	816,725
2025	500,000	301,725	801,725
2026	500,000	286,725	786,725
2027	500,000	271,725	771,725
2028	500,000	256,100	756,100
2029	500,000	239,850	739,850
2030	500,000	223,288	723,288
2031	500,000	206,100	706,100
2032	500,000	188,600	688,600
2033	500,000	170,475	670,475
2034	500,000	151,725	651,725
2035	500,000	132,975	632,975
2036	500,000	113,600	613,600
2037	590,000	91,800	681,800
2038	1,000,000	60,000	1,060,000
2039	1,000,000	20,000	1,020,000
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 11,090,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,438,313</u>	<u>\$ 15,528,313</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 5			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 500,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 800,000
2021	500,000	287,500	787,500
2022	500,000	272,500	772,500
2023	500,000	260,000	760,000
2024	500,000	250,000	750,000
2025	500,000	239,375	739,375
2026	500,000	228,125	728,125
2027	500,000	216,250	716,250
2028	500,000	202,500	702,500
2029	500,000	187,500	687,500
2030	500,000	172,500	672,500
2031	500,000	157,188	657,188
2032	500,000	141,250	641,250
2033	500,000	125,000	625,000
2034	500,000	108,437	608,437
2035	500,000	91,250	591,250
2036	500,000	73,750	573,750
2037	500,000	56,250	556,250
2038	500,000	38,750	538,750
2039	400,000	22,500	422,500
2040	400,000	7,500	407,500
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 10,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,438,125</u>	<u>\$ 13,738,125</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 6 R E F U N D I N G

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 330,000	\$ 185,469	\$ 515,469
2021	335,000	178,819	513,819
2022	345,000	172,019	517,019
2023	360,000	164,969	524,969
2024	370,000	157,206	527,206
2025	380,000	148,769	528,769
2026	395,000	139,556	534,556
2027	405,000	129,050	534,050
2028	420,000	117,181	537,181
2029	435,000	104,356	539,356
2030	450,000	91,081	541,081
2031	465,000	77,066	542,066
2032	485,000	61,919	546,919
2033	505,000	45,831	550,831
2034	525,000	28,437	553,437
2035	550,000	9,625	559,625
2036			
2037			
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	\$ 6,755,000	\$ 1,811,353	\$ 8,566,353

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 6				
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total	
2020	\$ 200,000	\$ 104,750	\$	304,750
2021	200,000	100,750		300,750
2022	200,000	96,750		296,750
2023	200,000	92,750		292,750
2024	200,000	88,750		288,750
2025	200,000	84,750		284,750
2026	200,000	80,750		280,750
2027	200,000	76,625		276,625
2028	200,000	72,250		272,250
2029	200,000	67,500		267,500
2030	200,000	62,500		262,500
2031	200,000	57,250		257,250
2032	200,000	51,500		251,500
2033	200,000	45,500		245,500
2034	200,000	39,500		239,500
2035	200,000	33,500		233,500
2036	200,000	27,500		227,500
2037	200,000	21,500		221,500
2038	200,000	15,500		215,500
2039	200,000	9,375		209,375
2040	200,000	3,125		203,125
2041				
2042				
2043				
	<u>\$ 4,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,232,375</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,432,375</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 7			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$ 500,000	\$ 437,688	\$ 937,688
2021	500,000	427,688	927,688
2022	500,000	417,688	917,688
2023	500,000	407,688	907,688
2024	525,000	394,813	919,813
2025	550,000	378,688	928,688
2026	575,000	361,813	936,813
2027	600,000	344,188	944,188
2028	625,000	325,813	950,813
2029	650,000	306,688	956,688
2030	675,000	286,813	961,813
2031	700,000	266,188	966,188
2032	750,000	243,969	993,969
2033	750,000	220,531	970,531
2034	750,000	196,625	946,625
2035	750,000	172,250	922,250
2036	750,000	147,406	897,406
2037	750,000	121,625	871,625
2038	750,000	95,375	845,375
2039	750,000	69,125	819,125
2040	800,000	42,000	842,000
2041	800,000	14,000	814,000
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 14,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,678,662</u>	<u>\$ 20,178,662</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 8			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$	\$ 362,219	\$ 362,219
2021	1,500,000	339,719	1,839,719
2022	425,000	310,844	735,844
2023	425,000	298,094	723,094
2024	425,000	285,344	710,344
2025	425,000	272,594	697,594
2026	425,000	259,844	684,844
2027	425,000	246,828	671,828
2028	425,000	233,281	658,281
2029	425,000	219,203	644,203
2030	425,000	204,594	629,594
2031	425,000	189,719	614,719
2032	425,000	174,578	599,578
2033	425,000	158,906	583,906
2034	425,000	142,969	567,969
2035	425,000	126,500	551,500
2036	425,000	109,500	534,500
2037	425,000	92,500	517,500
2038	425,000	75,500	500,500
2039	425,000	58,500	483,500
2040	425,000	41,500	466,500
2041	425,000	24,500	449,500
2042	400,000	8,000	408,000
2043			
	<u>\$ 10,400,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,235,236</u>	<u>\$ 14,635,236</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 9			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$	\$ 74,167	\$ 74,167
2021	160,000	83,163	243,163
2022	125,000	80,313	205,313
2023	125,000	77,813	202,813
2024	125,000	75,313	200,313
2025	125,000	72,188	197,188
2026	125,000	68,438	193,438
2027	125,000	64,688	189,688
2028	125,000	60,938	185,938
2029	125,000	57,188	182,188
2030	125,000	53,438	178,438
2031	125,000	49,688	174,688
2032	125,000	45,938	170,938
2033	125,000	42,188	167,188
2034	125,000	38,438	163,438
2035	125,000	34,688	159,688
2036	125,000	30,859	155,859
2037	125,000	26,953	151,953
2038	125,000	22,969	147,969
2039	125,000	18,906	143,906
2040	125,000	14,766	139,766
2041	125,000	10,547	135,547
2042	125,000	6,328	131,328
2043	125,000	2,109	127,109
	<u>\$ 2,910,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,112,024</u>	<u>\$ 4,022,024</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

S E R I E S - 2 0 1 9 A R E F U N D I N G			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1/ March 1	Total
2020	\$	\$ 39,714	\$ 39,714
2021	85,000	48,113	133,113
2022	90,000	46,363	136,363
2023	95,000	44,513	139,513
2024	100,000	42,563	142,563
2025	95,000	40,613	135,613
2026	100,000	38,663	138,663
2027	100,000	36,663	136,663
2028	105,000	34,481	139,481
2029	110,000	31,650	141,650
2030	110,000	28,350	138,350
2031	115,000	24,975	139,975
2032	115,000	21,525	136,525
2033	120,000	18,000	138,000
2034	120,000	14,400	134,400
2035	130,000	10,650	140,650
2036	290,000	4,350	294,350
2037			
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
	<u>\$ 1,880,000</u>	<u>\$ 525,586</u>	<u>\$ 2,405,586</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK**

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS  
FOR ALL SERIES

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Total Principal Due	Total Interest Due	Total Principal and Interest Due
2020	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 2,159,081	\$ 4,539,081
2021	4,070,000	2,099,418	6,169,418
2022	2,980,000	2,006,863	4,986,863
2023	3,005,000	1,930,364	4,935,364
2024	3,050,000	1,852,632	4,902,632
2025	3,085,000	1,769,176	4,854,176
2026	3,140,000	1,682,425	4,822,425
2027	3,180,000	1,592,067	4,772,067
2028	3,235,000	1,495,675	4,730,675
2029	3,280,000	1,393,842	4,673,842
2030	3,330,000	1,288,782	4,618,782
2031	3,380,000	1,180,168	4,560,168
2032	3,460,000	1,066,645	4,526,645
2033	3,490,000	948,848	4,438,848
2034	3,520,000	827,643	4,347,643
2035	3,565,000	702,704	4,267,704
2036	3,495,000	574,337	4,069,337
2037	3,415,000	443,901	3,858,901
2038	3,390,000	315,595	3,705,595
2039	2,900,000	198,406	3,098,406
2040	1,950,000	108,891	2,058,891
2041	1,350,000	49,047	1,399,047
2042	525,000	14,328	539,328
2043	125,000	2,109	127,109
	<u>\$ 69,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,702,947</u>	<u>\$ 95,002,947</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**CHANGE IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

Description	Original Bonds Issued	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2018
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2009	\$ 7,100,000	\$ 195,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2010	2,185,000	1,875,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2011	2,300,000	1,925,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2012	2,465,000	1,965,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2012A	2,600,000	2,365,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2013	1,330,000	1,225,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2014	12,590,000	11,590,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2015	11,800,000	11,050,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2016	7,180,000	6,875,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2016	4,700,000	4,400,000

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Current Year Transactions				
Bonds Sold	Retirements		Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2019	Paying Agent
	Principal	Interest		
\$	\$ 195,000	\$ 5,850	\$ - 0 -	Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Houston, TX
	1,810,000	88,594	65,000	Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Houston, TX
	75,000	91,569	1,850,000	Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Houston, TX
	100,000	75,138	1,865,000	Wells Fargo Bank N.A. Dallas, TX
	65,000	83,625	2,300,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
	40,000	43,663	1,185,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
	500,000	379,225	11,090,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
	750,000	312,500	10,300,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
	120,000	189,969	6,755,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
	200,000	108,750	4,200,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**CHANGE IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

Description	Original Bonds Issued	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2018
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2017	15,000,000	15,000,000
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Bonds - Series 2018	10,400,000	
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds - Series 2019	2,910,000	
Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2019A	<u>1,880,000</u>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<u><b>\$ 84,440,000</b></u>	<u><b>\$ 58,465,000</b></u>

Bond Authority:	Water, Sanitary Sewer and Drainage Bonds	Refunding Bonds	Recreational Facilities Bonds	Road Bonds and Refunding of Road Bonds
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$ 116,000,000	\$ 75,000,000	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 41,345,000
Amount Issued	<u>59,075,000</u>	<u>1,430,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>16,305,000</u>
Remaining to be Issued	<u><u>\$ 56,925,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 73,570,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,000,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 25,040,000</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Current Year Transactions				
Bonds Sold	Retirements		Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2019	Paying Agent
	Principal	Interest		
	500,000	447,688	14,500,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
10,400,000		73,438	10,400,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
2,910,000			2,910,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
<u>1,880,000</u>			<u>1,880,000</u>	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX
<u>\$ 15,190,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,355,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,900,009</u>	<u>\$ 69,300,000</u>	

Debt Service Fund cash and investments balances as of June 30, 2019: \$ 7,549,882

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term  
of all debt: \$ 3,958,456

See Note 3 for interest rates, interest payment dates and maturity dates.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**  
**GENERAL FUND - FIVE YEARS**

	Amounts		
	2019	2018	2017
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,427,532	\$ 2,393,424	\$ 2,184,372
Water Service	734,888	698,550	666,406
Wastewater Service	794,332	742,918	686,881
Water Authority Assessment Fee	738,514	652,960	582,644
Penalty and Interest	34,146	26,816	33,857
Tap Connection and Inspection Fees	183,558	195,778	176,716
Investment Revenues	120,343	48,476	6,476
Miscellaneous Revenues	<u>74,913</u>	<u>36,822</u>	<u>405,471</u>
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>\$ 5,108,226</u>	<u>\$ 4,795,744</u>	<u>\$ 4,742,823</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Professional Fees	\$ 373,444	\$ 250,030	\$ 283,582
Contracted Services	560,628	346,210	307,444
Purchased Water Service	808,663	773,413	644,951
Purchased Wastewater Service	717,549	429,577	360,527
Lease Costs		266,300	277,200
Water Authority Surface Water/Assessment	85,088	166,732	126,384
Repairs and Maintenance	1,063,752	611,540	603,190
Utilities	100,923	94,176	80,778
Other	264,000	222,045	210,082
Capital Outlay	<u>884,520</u>	<u>151,914</u>	<u>416,904</u>
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 4,858,567</u>	<u>\$ 3,311,937</u>	<u>\$ 3,311,042</u>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 249,659</u>	<u>\$ 1,483,807</u>	<u>\$ 1,431,781</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In (Out)	\$	\$	\$ 70,357
Contribution from Other Governmental Entity	<u>72,484</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
<b>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<u>\$ 72,484</u>	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	<u>\$ 70,357</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	\$ 322,143	\$ 1,483,807	\$ 1,502,138
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>	<u>5,884,779</u>	<u>4,400,972</u>	<u>2,898,834</u>
<b>ENDING FUND BALANCE</b>	<u>\$ 6,206,922</u>	<u>\$ 5,884,779</u>	<u>\$ 4,400,972</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

		Percentage of Total Revenue				
2016	2015	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 1,668,281	\$ 1,262,531	47.3 %	49.8 %	46.1 %	45.4 %	43.1 %
615,927	420,404	14.4	14.6	14.1	16.7	14.3
594,241	428,068	15.6	15.5	14.5	16.1	14.6
506,308	327,956	14.5	13.6	12.3	13.7	11.2
30,046	24,916	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
208,032	396,780	3.6	4.1	3.7	5.6	13.5
3,681	2,710	2.4	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
59,913	66,817	1.5	0.8	8.5	1.6	2.3
<u>\$ 3,686,429</u>	<u>\$ 2,930,182</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>
\$ 422,822	\$ 223,386	7.3 %	5.2 %	6.0 %	11.5 %	7.6 %
279,619	227,500	11.0	7.2	6.5	7.6	7.8
		15.8	16.1	13.6		
		14.0	9.0	7.6		
84,800	85,200		5.6	5.8	2.3	2.9
604,125	405,941	1.7	3.5	2.7	16.4	13.8
656,853	562,099	20.7	12.7	12.6	17.7	19.1
191,944	179,332	2.0	2.0	1.7	5.2	6.1
337,009	401,662	5.2	4.6	4.4	9.1	13.7
292,323	82,156	17.3	3.2	8.8	7.9	2.8
<u>\$ 2,869,495</u>	<u>\$ 2,167,276</u>	<u>95.0 %</u>	<u>69.1 %</u>	<u>69.7 %</u>	<u>77.7 %</u>	<u>73.8 %</u>
<u>\$ 816,934</u>	<u>\$ 762,906</u>	<u>5.0 %</u>	<u>30.9 %</u>	<u>30.3 %</u>	<u>22.3 %</u>	<u>26.2 %</u>
\$	\$					
<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>					
\$ 816,934	\$ 762,906					
<u>2,081,900</u>	<u>1,318,994</u>					
<u>\$ 2,898,834</u>	<u>\$ 2,081,900</u>					

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES**  
**DEBT SERVICE FUND - FIVE YEARS**

	Amounts		
	2019	2018	2017
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property Taxes	\$ 5,069,193	\$ 4,784,933	\$ 4,189,781
Penalty and Interest	54,260	48,763	35,005
Investment Revenues	121,746	48,399	7,896
Miscellaneous Revenues	<u>1,636</u>	<u>1,458</u>	<u>13,736</u>
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>\$ 5,246,835</u>	<u>\$ 4,883,553</u>	<u>\$ 4,246,418</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Tax Collection Expenditures	\$ 114,202	\$ 107,590	\$ 71,734
Debt Service Principal	2,605,000	2,185,000	1,175,000
Debt Service Interest and Fees	1,906,359	1,717,625	1,490,075
Bond Issuance Costs	115,844		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	<u>33,000</u>		
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 4,774,405</u>	<u>\$ 4,010,215</u>	<u>\$ 2,736,809</u>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>\$ 472,430</u>	<u>\$ 873,338</u>	<u>\$ 1,509,609</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Long-Term Debt Issued	\$	\$	\$
Refunding Bonds	1,880,000		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(1,734,436)		
Bond Discount	<u>(21,888)</u>		
<b>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<u>\$ 123,676</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	\$ 596,106	\$ 873,338	\$ 1,509,609
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>	<u>6,938,097</u>	<u>6,064,759</u>	<u>4,555,150</u>
<b>ENDING FUND BALANCE</b>	<u>\$ 7,534,203</u>	<u>\$ 6,938,097</u>	<u>\$ 6,064,759</u>
<b>TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS</b>	<u>1,852</u>	<u>1,689</u>	<u>1,532</u>
<b>TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS</b>	<u>1,794</u>	<u>1,636</u>	<u>1,489</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

		Percentage of Total Revenue				
2016	2015	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 3,198,701	\$ 2,119,247	96.7 %	98.0 %	98.7 %	99.2 %	99.3 %
19,689	10,447	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5
4,915	3,241	2.3	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2
30				0.3		
<u>\$ 3,223,335</u>	<u>\$ 2,132,935</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>
\$ 56,637	\$ 41,577	2.2 %	2.2 %	1.7 %	1.8 %	1.9 %
470,000	425,000	49.6	44.7	27.7	14.6	19.9
1,135,900	1,050,167	36.3	35.2	35.1	35.2	49.2
278,527		2.2			8.6	
		0.6				
<u>\$ 1,941,064</u>	<u>\$ 1,516,744</u>	<u>90.9 %</u>	<u>82.1 %</u>	<u>64.5 %</u>	<u>60.2 %</u>	<u>71.0 %</u>
<u>\$ 1,282,271</u>	<u>\$ 616,191</u>	<u>9.1 %</u>	<u>17.9 %</u>	<u>35.5 %</u>	<u>39.8 %</u>	<u>29.0 %</u>
\$ 167,500	\$ 404,225					
7,180,000						
(6,810,980)						
(97,457)						
<u>\$ 439,063</u>	<u>\$ 404,225</u>					
\$ 1,721,334	\$ 1,020,416					
2,833,816	1,813,400					
<u>\$ 4,555,150</u>	<u>\$ 2,833,816</u>					
<u>1,398</u>	<u>1,215</u>					
<u>1,354</u>	<u>1,182</u>					

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

District Mailing Address - Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District No. 133  
c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP  
3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600  
Houston, TX 77027

District Telephone Number - (713) 860-6414

<b>Board Members:</b>	<u>Term of Office (Elected or Appointed)</u>	<u>Fees of office for the year ended June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Expense reimbursements for the year ended June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Title</u>
Tom Langland	05/16 05/20 (Elected)	\$ 7,200	\$ 370	President
Dennis Harper	05/18 05/22 (Elected)	\$ 2,550	\$ 1,342	Vice President
Donna McClure	05/18 05/22 (Elected)	\$ 3,150	\$ 2,671	Secretary
Bill Frank	05/19 05/20 (Appointed)	\$ 300	\$ 59	Assistant Vice President
Rick Foster	05/18 05/22 (Elected)	\$ 1,800	\$ 648	Assistant Secretary
Scott Williams	05/16 05/19 (Resigned)	\$ 2,100	\$ 400	Assistant Secretary

Notes: No Director has any business or family relationships (as defined by the Texas Water Code) with major landowners in the District, with the District's developers or with any of the District's consultants.

Submission date of most recent District Registration Form: May 8, 2019.

The limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year is \$7,200 as set by Board Resolution on June 15, 2004. Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a Director during the District's fiscal year.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**FORT BEND COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 133**  
**BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2019**

<b>Consultants:</b>	<b>Date Hired</b>	<b>Fees / Compensation for the year ended June 30, 2019</b>	<b>Water Facilities and Wastewater Facilities for the year ended June 30, 2019</b>	<b>Title</b>
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	06/15/04	\$ 275,817 \$ 376,311	\$ -0- \$ -0-	General Counsel Bond Counsel
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot PLLC	09/12/07	\$ 15,750 \$ 17,000	\$ 5,000 \$ -0-	Auditor Bond Related
Myrtle Cruz, Inc.	02/09/05	\$ 25,207 \$ 9,500	\$ 22,612 \$ -0-	Bookkeeper Bond Related
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	04/11/07	\$ 18,310	\$ -0-	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Benchmark Engineering Corporation	02/09/05	\$ 715,416	\$ 19,196	Engineer
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/09/18	\$ 259,119	\$ -0-	Financial Advisor
Mary Jarmon	02/09/05	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	Investment Officer
Municipal District Services, LLC.	05/01/12	\$ 522,162	\$ 208,535	Operator
Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.	02/01/05	\$ 29,687	\$ -0-	Tax Assessor/ Collector

See accompanying independent auditor's report.